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FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

FOREIGN.

Aid for Chicago

ALGERIAN INSURGENTS.

Text of Gransville's Speech.

MARINE DISASTERS.

The Famous Secret Treaty.

GERMAN POLAR EXPEDITION.

CANADA.

STORMS ON LAKE SUPERIOR.

COLLINGWOOD, Ont., October 20.—The Chicora reports storms on Lake Superior.

WOODS ON FIRE.

Georgian Bay is covered with smoke from the burning woods.

SCHOONER WRECKED.

The schooner Plover, from Cleveland, was wrecked off Mainalz. The crew were saved.

RELIEF FOR SUFFERERS.

Twelve hundred dollars were yesterday subscribed in Petrolia for the Michigan sufferers.

RAILWAY SURVEY.

TORONTO, ONT., October 20.—J. G. Johnson, the engineer in charge of division H of the Canada Pacific survey from Red Rock, Nepigon Bay, to Long Lake, has arrived here with a portion of his men. Five Indians and two white men belonging to his staff were burned to death by the fires in the woods. Johnson has completed his work, and reports favorably of the country between the above mentioned places for a railway.

MARINE DISASTERS.

KINGSTON, ONT., October 20.—Still further marine disasters are reported. The schooners Phœbe, Catherine and Consuello are ashore at Howe Island. The latter left this place yesterday with a cargo of iron for Cleveland.

GERMANY.

AID FOR CHICAGO.

HAMBURG, October 20.—The subscription of this city for the Chicago sufferers amounts to 10,000 marcs banco.

ACCOUNT CONTRADICTED.

BERLIN, October 20.—The Prussian *Cross Gazette* contradicts the account given by Benedetti of the negotiations between Bismarck and Napoleon in 1866. It asserts that the documents, while at Versailles, found in the archives of the French Government a copy, in Benedetti's hand-writing, of the famous secret treaty, which was published last year.

POLAR EXPEDITION.

GOTHA, October 20.—Full reports of the last German expedition to the North Pole are published. It is claimed that the expedition was successful. The Polar Sea was discovered free of ice, and swarming with whales.

GREAT BRITAIN.

GRANVILLE'S SPEECH.

LONDON, October 20.—Earl Granville, in a speech at Manchester last night, expressed a feeling of pride over the Alabama negotiations and their result. He regretted the suffering of the people of Chicago, and thanked the American Government for suppressing Fenian raids.

AID FOR CHICAGO.

The subscriptions received at the Mansion House for Chicago amount to £33,000. Hudderafield has contributed seven hundred dollars.

PRINCE NAPOLEON.

It is rumored that Prince Napoleon will go to Paris.

MARINE NEWS.

The steamships Humboldt, Java and Silesia have arrived out.

FRANCE.

SATISFACTORY.

VERSAILLES, October 20.—The ratification of the treaties gives great satisfaction.

LEGION OF HONOR.

M. Thiers confers the Cross of the Legion of Honor on Quertier for his services.

GOING TO AJACCIA.

PARIS, October 20.—Prince Napoleon arrived at Marsailles to day, and leaves to night for Ajaccio.

CORSICA QUIET.

Accounts from Corsica represent the island tranquil.

ALGERIAN INSURGENTS.

PARIS, October 20.—Favorable advices are received from Algeria. The insurgents are becoming submissive.

THE CRISIS IN ENGLAND.

A Plank Movement of the Wily Disraeli—Startling it True—An English New Departure.

The London correspondent of the New York *World* writes as follows:

"The obligations of secrecy imposed upon me have been removed rather sooner than I expected, and I am now at liberty to give in full the particulars of the new political alliance which has been formed between the peers and the proletariat of England. Of this movement, which promises to be the most important one that has occurred in England for many years, you will have received the first hints in my letter of the 2d instant, and in three or four days more I think I shall be able to send additional information concerning it, by telegraph. The initiative of the move ment, in fact, was taken nearly a year ago, but it has only been within the last few weeks that the negotiations seemed to promise success. The courtship was protracted partly by the coquetry of one party and the bashfulness of the other, but every obstable has now been overcome and I have reason to believe that the banns will be published about the middle of the coming week. The odd formula which concludes the publication of marriage banns in a parish church in this case will not be an empty form. The injunction, "If any of you know of any just cause or impediment why these two may not be joined in holy matrimony you are hereby admonished to make it known," will be responed to by voices from every section of the liberal party. The consternation in the Republican party in the United States, should they see the whole negro vote about to go over bodily to the Democratic ranks, could not be greater than the dismay which will fall upon Mr Gladstone and his tail of middle class followers when they see the Tories winning over to themselves the whole working class of England. I do not say that the alliance will result in this—there is many a slip 'twixt cup and lip—but this at least is the scheme. It is a well laid one. Neither industry, nor zeal, nor brains, nor money will be spared to secure its success, and the chances, I think, are really in its favor.

The following, then, is the platform of the new party. It will be understood that this platform is the work of the "proletariat" wing of the alliance, and has been accepted by the "peer" wing. What is the *quid pro quo* which, in their turn, the proletariat are to give? Their support to the principles, of course, but the contract under which these votes are to be delivered remains yet a secret. But read:

THE PLATFORM.

1. The families of the working classes shall be rescued from the dismal lanes, crowded alleys and unwholesome dwellings of our towns, and planted out in the clear, where, each in the middle of its garden, shall be detached homesteads, in wholesome air and sunshine, wherein they may grow up strong, healthy and pure, under the influences of well ordered homes.

2. To enable this to be effectually carried out there shall be created a perfect organization for the self government of counties, towns and villages, with powers for the acquisition and disposal of land for the common good. (Here is the common and the naturalization of the land in one plank.)

3. A day's labor shall consist, for skilled workmen, of eight hours' of honest work. (Fancy the delight with wnich this plank in the platform will be hailed by the workmen to-day who are deliberating upon a general strike of nine hours.)

4. In addition to schools for elementary education there shall be provided schools for practical knowledge and technical education. These schools shall be numerous and shall be established in the midst of the workmen's new homesteads.

5. For the moral and physical well-being of the people, places of public recreation, knowledge and refinement, shall be organized as parts of the public service. (A paternal government, you see.)

6. Public markets shall be erected in every town for the sale of goods in small quantities of the best quality at wholesale prices. (More paternal government; but what is to become of the present shopkeepers?)

7. There shall be provided a great extension of the organization of the public service on the model of the post-office for the common good. (This means that the railways may be bought up and managed, not for the profit of stockholders, but for the convenience of the masses, and that many other works now carried on by private enterprise shall be conducted in like manner.)

THE NEW PARTY.

Does it not almost take your breath away? Is it not almost too good to be believed? Are they not offering us more than they really intend to give us? These were the questions and doubts that arose in the minds of the representatives of the workmen; but they have all been answered and removed. With what a powerful lever will the new party, with this platform, work on the minds of the working classes of the kingdom! "You are told of the republic," it will say. "But what republic in the world gives to its citizens such blessings as those we offer you?" The agreement is that each of the seven planks of the platform shall be put into the shape of a bill, introduced in the House of Lords at the commencement of next session, passed and sent down to the Commons as speedily as may. What can Mr. Gladstone and his party of new-rich, middle class, mercantile and manufacturing "liberals" say when this avalanche of more than liberal measures comes tumbling down on their heads from the House of Lords? They will be in a far worse plight than they were when the Tory party, led by Mr. Disraeli, took all the wind out of their sails by bringing in a bill for unlimited household suffrage in place of their paltry measure of a £6 or £8 franchise. Do what they will they cannot outbid the new party. They must either yield to it and swim along behind it, or must throw off the mask at once and become the party of the bourgeoisie the party of mere money against rank and labor.

Now for the names of the men who, acting on one side for the peers and on other for the proletariat, have effected this alliance. The former are:

The Earl of Lichfield.
The Marquis of Salisbury.
Lord Henry Lennox.
Sir John Pakington.
The Earl of Carnarvon.
The Marquis of Lorne.
Sir Stafford Northcote.
Gathorne Hardy.

These are the gentlemen who have signed the contract on the part of the peers. The Duke of Richmond and Mr. Disraeli are heart and soul with the scheme, but for the present remain in the background.

The individuals who have signed on behalf of the proletariats are:

Robert Applegarth, joiner.
William Allan, engineer.
Daniel Guile, iron-founder.
George Howell, bricklayer.
T. W. Hughes, carpenter.
George Potter, joiner.
Lloyd Jones, fustian cutter.
W. Broadhurst, Mason.
—— Weistone, engineer.
—— Deighton, joiner.
—— Barker, shosmaker.
—— Squiers, painter.
—— Barry, author of "Workmen's Rights".
—— Latham, chairman of Labor Representative League.
—— Englander, telegraphist.

And Mr. Scott Russell, who has conducted the negotiations, and who signs himself as "engineer."

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Snow fell yesterday at Overlook, Ulster county, N. Y., to the depth of two inches.

—The President received an enthusiastic reception at Portland, Me., yesterday, where he made a brief speech.

—In the Botts trial, at Newark, N. J., yesterday, the jury rendered a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree.

—The President and suite arrived at Baltimore yesterday evening in a special train, and left at eight P. M. for New York.

—Bachelder's "Last Hours of Lincoln," saved from the Opera House in Chicago, is on exhibition at Boston for the benefit of Chicago.

—A Bangor dispatch says that Mr. Mitchell, the Dominion Master of Fish eries, says that it is untrue that any British cruiser has been seen at Glouces ter.

—Private advices have been received from Captain Hall, which report him, under date of September 5th, sailing northward from Upernavik. All were well.

A letter from Egypt says that the Khedive has made liberal concessions to his subjects in the matter of the franchise. He has established female schools, and is otherwise introducing reforms.

—A hearty welcome was extended to the crew of the Horton, at Gloucester, Mass., on Thursday night. A purse of $1,000 was presented to Captain Knowlton.

—A boiler in the large Pottery works of Clark & Bro., at Carolton, Ind., exploded yesterday morning, shaking the houses in town and even across the river as if it were an earthquake. Fifteen or twenty men, working within ten feet of the boiler, were covered with mud from the explosion, but almost miraculously escaped.

—General Blair, a member of the Sub Klux Committee, made a speech at Montgomery, Ala., on Thursday night. His statement from the proposition that in the next Democratic National Convention the South decline to be represented, but accept whatever candidate the North may offer. The greater portion of his speech consisted of abuse of the President and his administration.

PHILADELPHIA.

Failure of C. T. Yerkes, Jr., & Co.

PHILADELPHIA, October 20.—The failure of C. Yerkes, Jr., & Co., says the *Ledger*, leaves a deficit in the city funds of four hundred and seventy-eight thousand dollars. The firm has been speculating in city moneys. The assets of the firm are held by the City Treasurer, which may be able to cover the amount.

LAST week attempts were made in Bedford county, Tenn., by negroes, to commit a rape upon Miss Blessing, Miss Sneed, Patterson and Mrs. Howard, but the ladies succeeded in getting away. On Thursday in midday, Mrs Rodgers was violated. Samuel Wells, colored, was captured and identified by her. Henry Williams was identified by Misses Patterson and Blessing as the man who assaulted them. Both men were committed to jail at Shelbyville, and on Saturday taken to the district in which the crime was committed for trial. After dark, whilst being sent back to Shelbyville jail, they were taken from the guard by some 500 armed men, not disguised, and hanged.

THE Thomasville (Ga.) *Enterprise* says "On Tuesday evening last about four o'clock a difficulty occurred between Mr. Marion Spivey and young Dan Claiborn, resulting in the death of the former, by a pistol shot from the hand of the latter. It appears that Mr. Spivey assaulted Claiborn with abusive language and threats, and finally picked up a rock and threw it at him, whereupon Mr. C. commenced firing and continued until he had emptied a small six shooter, the last two shots taking effect, the one in the left arm and shoulder, the other entering the left eye, producing instant death."

"Music hath charms to soothe the savage breast," and Pier, Dannals & Co., bottle cream ale. You can have it ordered by mail and have it delivered in any part of the city.

CHICAGO.

False Rumor.

CHICAGO, October 20.—Dispatches received here from New York state that a rumor is in circulation there to the effect that all the banks in Chicago have suspended. Nothing could be farther from the truth. The banks are not only doing business as usual, but, as before stated in these dispatches, are nearly all receiving large amounts on deposit, and both private and national institutions are paying depositors in full. There has been no run upon any of the banks, nor any diminution of the feeling of confidence exhibited in them from the hour of their resumption of business.

REBUILDING BUSINESS BLOCKS.

The press of this city gives the names of persons who intend to rebuild their business blocks at once. The number is too large to enumerate.

CHURCHES BURNED.

The aggregate value of the churches destroyed by the late fire is three million dollars. The churches burned in the south division were the First and Second Presbyterian, St. Paul, Trinity, Swedenborgian, St. Mary's, First Methodist, and the Wabash Avenue Methodist; on the north side, North Presbyterian, West minster Presbyterian, Grace Methodist (Moody's), Mission, St. James Cathedral of the Holy Name of St Josephs, with the Orphan Asylums and Convent of the Immaculate Conception, St. Ausgains, New England, Unity, Fullerton Avenue Presbyterian, and one or two others smaller.

REPORT DENIED.

The report in a morning paper that the steamer Corona, belonging to Goodrich's line, had been recently wrecked and forty-five lives lost, is not true. The Corona is now lying at her wharf in this port.

BILL SIGNED.

The canal lien bill for the relief of Chicago, which has passed both houses of the Legislature, was to-day signed by the Governor.

NEW YORK CONTRIBUTIONS.

The contributions for the relief of Chicago from New York amount to $2,200,000, of which four hundred and sixty thousand was in supplies—the balance in money.

NEW SHERMAN HOUSE.

Gage Bros. & Rye, formerly of the Sherman House have opened a new Sherman House, at the corner of Madison and Clinton streets, on the west side. The house is large and new.

INSURANCE PAID.

The Peoples Insurance Company of Worcester, Mass., paid four thousand dollars insurance to John B. Drake to-day, and will pay every dollar of their loss.

THE "TRIBUNE" BUILDING.

The *Tribune* Company to-day ordered their architect to commence re-building. The front will be taken down and rebuilt with Milwaukee brick. The other walls and nearly all the floors are found to be perfectly firm and secure.

RELIEF FOR DRUGGISTS.

A dispatch was received from San Francisco yesterday, from Wm. S. Earley and James G. Stub, authorizing a draft upon them for eight hundred dollars for the relief of Chicago druggists.

THE "TRIBUNE" SAFE.

The fire proof vault in the *Tribune* building was opened yesterday for the first time since the fire. Its contents, even to a linen coat and a box of matches, were found intact.

PLENTY OF EMPLOYMENT.

The vast magnitude of the work of clearing away the ruins and rebuilding Chicago is proving an important means of relief to the mechanics and laborers, who are finding plenty of employment at good wages. The average wages of the laborers in the ruins is one dollar and seventy-five cents per day, carpenters three dollars to three dollars and fifty cents, and bricklayers three dollars to three dollars and twenty-five cents.

STRIKING ALREADY.

The members of the Chicago Brick layers' Union demanded increased wages, and many members struck and refused to work. The contractors refused to yield to the strikers, as there are a large number of bricklayers here from other cities and towns, willing and anxious to work at the present wages.

PRICE OF BRICK.

The price of brick has risen from $6 to $12 and $15. The supply seems abundant and the price will go down.

THE PRISONERS.

The statement which has been made that all the prisoners in the jail under the Court House, including five murderers, were allowed to escape when the Court House took fire, proves not to be true. When it became evident that the Court House must burn, fifty of the worst characters in jail were put in the hands of policemen for the purpose of taking them to the West Madison street police station. During the transfer all the scoundrels but fourteen escaped. All the murderers, five in number, were held, and are now in custody.

ST. LOUIS.

The Medicott-Ruth Poisoning Case.

ST. LOUIS, October 20.—The prosecution in the Medicott-Ruth poisoning case at Garnet, Kansas, closed yesterday and the defense opened. The principal witness was Professor Worth, of Columbus, Ohio, who thought the analysis of Ruth's stomach carelessly made and unsatisfactory. He could not swear that poison was not found. Several other medical witnesses testified that Ruth's symptoms were inconsistent with morphine poisoning. One or two of them said the symptoms were those of quinine. Miss Ruth will be examined.

INDIAN TROUBLES SETTLED.

The troubles in the Creek Nation have been settled by a convention which adjourned last Saturday, declaring Checote elected Chief by three hundred majority.

NATIONAL POLICE CONVENTION.

The National Police Convention met at the Southern Hotel about eleven o'clock, and was called to order by James McDonough, Chief of Police of St. Louis, and a temporary organization was effected by the election of Charles. A. Mants, of St. Louis, as Chairman, and Samuel Lowe, of St. Louis, as Secretary. Mr. Mants delivered a brief address of welcome, after which the Convention adjourned to the Temple, where a permanent organization was effected by the election of Joseph Brown, Mayor of St. Louis, as President, one Vice President from each State represented, and Geo. Gavin J. C. Chapman and Samuel Lowe, all of St. Louis, Secretaries. Ninety delegates were in attendance.

MICHIGAN.

The Lost Steamer.

DETROIT, October 20.—The arrival of the propeller Brooklyn, of the Northern Transportation Line, yesterday, brought the intelligence, according to the statements of the captain, that two more boats of the lost steamer R. G. Coburn had been picked up on Lake Huron, containing eighteen persons, and that they had been transferred by the vessel which had picked them up to the propeller S. D. Caldwell, and they were on their way to that place. The following the following dispatch was received.

Marion City, October, 20.—Capt. Eben Ward, Detroit—The following men from the R. G. Coburn are at the Mackinaw. W. L. House, second mate; H. M. Rhodes, of Wendon, trader; Martin Mathiesen and Mrs. Howard, but the ladies succeeded in getting away. On Thursday in midday, Mrs Rodgers was violated. Samuel Wells, colored, was captured and identified by her. Henry Williams was identified by Misses Patterson and Blessing as the man who assaulted them. Both men were committed to jail at Shelbyville, and on Saturday taken to the district in which the crime was committed for trial. After dark, whilst being sent back to Shelbyville jail, they were taken from the guard by some 500 armed men, not disguised, and hanged.

[Signed.] L. LESTER.

By most persons the inference is drawn from this dispatch that only one boat was picked up in addition to that first found, and that this second boat was left at Mackinaw by the Caldwell, the Magnet bringing intelligence of it to Marine City. The captain of the Brooklyn may easily have confused the boats somewhat, and supposed that two additional boats had been saved, whereas one was rescued in addition to the first one. Further intelligence is, of course, awaited with the utmost anxiety.

MAINE.

Opening of the European and American Railway.

BANGOR, October 19.—The opening of the European and American Railway was celebrated to-day. A large number of people were present, comprising distinguished citizens of the United States and Canada. At the banquet, President Grant made a speech, saying that the occasion was one with which he was pleased. The Canadian Governor-General spoke, referring in approving terms to the Washington Treaty, and complimenting President Grant.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

NEW YORK.

Trouble for Tammany.

Aid for the Sufferers.

COTTON STATEMENT.

National Insurance Convention.

NOMINATIONS MADE.

The Yacht Race.

NEW YORK, October 20, 1871.

AID FOR SUFFERERS.

Boston yesterday added ten thousand dollars to her contributions for Chicago.

Appeals for aid for the sufferers of Chicago, Wisconsin and Michigan continue to be earnest. The contributions and response are still liberal. Besides money, clothing is being generously offered. The Chamber of Commerce of this city has already contributed over six hundred and sixty-six thousand dollars in money.

THE INSURANCE CONVENTION.

In the Insurance Convention to-day the report of the Committee on Permanent Organization, which was accepted, provides for a voluntary national association, composed of insurance officers having charge of insurance departments in each State, for the purpose of mutual consultation and protection.

A President, Vice president and an executive committee are to be elected at the next annual meeting on the third Wednesday in May.

The report of the Committee on Rates of Interest and Mortality, &c., was considered. It provides that on marine and inland navigation risks, the whole of the premiums received on unexpired risks should be charged as a liability and held as an insurance reserve. Fifty per cent. of the premiums received on unexpired fire risks having one year or less to run should be charged as liability or reserve, provided the reserve shall not be less than forty per cent. of the premiums received during the year. Beside this, the fire companies should accumulate an extra reserve fund, to provide for which no dividend less than ten per cent. per annum should be made upon the full cash capital until after the insurance reserve is equal to the whole amount of premiums received on all unexpired fire risks. The committee also recommend the approval by the Convention of the American experience table of mortality, and four and a half per cent. per annum to be designated by law in each State as a basis for life insurance. The report of the Committee was discussed until adjournment.

TROUBLE FOR TAMMANY.

Charles O'Connor has associated with himself W. H. Pickham, Wm. M. Evarts and Judge Emmet—the first mentioned being a Democrat, and the two latter Republicans—as counsel in the prosecution by the defrauded municipal government.

Samuel Tilden, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, was present at a conference between the Attorney General of the State and O'Connor, concerning these suits. He believes the proceedings will be successful. William M. Tweed will be, probably, the first attacked. It is believed that the evidence against him is very strong, and it is based upon the Broadway Bank disclosures.

NOMINATIONS.

The administration wing of the Republican party to-night nominated Franz Sigel for Register, Geo. C. Barrett for the Supreme Court, and Charles P. Daly for the Court of Common Pleas. The ticket is the same nominated last night by the Reform Democracy.

In Brooklyn to-night the Republicans nominated Ex-Mayor Samuel Booth for Mayor and a full city and county ticket.

The Young Democracy of Brooklyn nominated Mayor Kalbfleisch, the present incumbent.

RECEIVERS APPOINTED.

Henry P. Freeman has been appointed receiver to wind up the Mad River Fire Insurance Company. John Cooke has also been appointed receiver of the Atlantic Insurance Company of Brooklyn, which suspended yesterday.

Geo. C. Satterlee has been appointed receiver of the Washington Fire Insurance Company, which suspended to-day. Capital, $400,000; surplus $350,000, losses in Chicago, about $700,000

COTTON STATEMENT.

The following is a comparative cotton statement. Total receipts from September 1, 1871, 270,567 bales, during same time last year, 351,449, showing a decrease of 80,882. Total exports from September 1, 1871, 101,406 bales; during same time last year, 104,496. Stock in 1871, 184,142. At all United States ports in 1870 it was 201,907. The stock of 1871 at interior towns is 55,511, same time last year, 82,202.

THE YACHT RACE.

The New York Yacht Club decline to entertain Ashbury's protest against the result of the second race with the Columbia. The club insists that the Columbia sailed the race according to the printed regulations, which leave it optional as to the manner of turning the stake boat. The club thank Mr. Osgood for entering his yacht for the third race, though partially disabled, rather than allow the race to go by default.

CARELESSNESS.

The yacht race was won yesterday by the Livonia, because of the carelessness of a New Yorker. The Secretary of the yacht club says the Columbia was not ready for the race. Ashbury protests that the race on Wednesday was unfair. He claims the victory.

DESERTED TAMMANY.

Sheriff Brennan has deserted Tammany. The provocation was the admission of the Dowling delegation to the Senatorial Convention on an equal footing with the Brennan delegates.

MYSTERIOUS.

It is believed the Grand Jury to-day indicted one of the highest city officers for fraud. No name is mentioned, and the officers of the court refuse to give any information.

COMMITTEE OF SEVENTY.

A public meeting of the Committee of Seventy will be held next week, when a report will be made on the city affairs in general, and then their labors will come to an end.

NOBODY KNOWS.

The fact has not been made known here, which is stated in a western journal, that either Cornelius Vanderbil or George Law had contributed to the Chicago relief.

NOMINATIONS APPROVED.

The nominations made last night by the Democratic reformers meet the approval of Republicans generally. The *Times* and *Tribune* support them. Sigel's nomination is a concession to the Republicans.

THE ERIE RAILWAY.

The Erie Railway will probably get itself into court to account for its running of bad coaches, thus driving travelers into what are called drawing room cars and subjecting them to cost.

RAILWAY LEASE.

The Directors of the United Railway of New Jersey yesterday signed the leases of their works to the Pennsylvania Company.

MAYOR HALL'S CASE.

The Grand Jury had the case of Mayor Hall under deliberation yesterday. Subpoenas have been issued for the attendance of witnesses.

MANDAMUS GRANTED.

Judge Ingraham has granted a mandamus which obliges the Comptroller to raise $325,000 for the immediate use of the Department of Public Parks.

ACQUITTED.

Adolph Swayz, of Trenton, New Jersey, banker, has been acquitted of the charge of forgery.

ARBITRATOR APPOINTED.

Baron De Staejuba has been appointed by the Emperor of Brazil as one of the board of arbitrators to sit at Geneva. This completes the board.

REPEATING.

The repeating business is going to have the especial attention of the reformers. The most summary measures are to be taken against the operators of this class.

LOSSES BY THE CHICAGO FIRE.

The *Commercial Advertiser* states the total losses of the insurance companies by the Chicago fire at $57,740,000.

MORE REFORMERS.

The Young Men's Democratic Reform Association is the name of an organization just established.

HALL'S CASE.

Judge Ledwith was before the Grand Jury to-day to testify in the case pending against Mayor Hall.

AN EYE TO BUSINESS.

Speculators of various kinds are busy here making purchases.

STAY OF PROCEEDINGS.

The Supreme Court granted a stay of proceedings in the Ingersoll case.

RUMOR REVIVED.

There is a revival of the rumor that Controller Connolly is to be impeached.

ARRIVED.

The steamers Sweden and Anglia have arrived.

The Caledonia, from Glasgow, has arrived.

BALTIMORE.

The Episcopal Convention.

BALTIMORE, October 20.—In the Episcopal Convention to-day the Committee on the Church reported that the exemption of the church from loss was a matter of thankfulness. The church is making steady progress, excepting in sections of the south where the effects of the war had weakened it. Charitable institutions were everywhere on the increase. The church was more united now than ever, but the discipline was not in as good a condition as it should be. The committee recommend the transmission of the reports to the House of Bishops, with the request that the Bishops prepare and publish a pastoral letter to the church.

The Convention took up as a special order the report of the Church Committee on Ritual. A long discussion ensued.

The Convention took a recess until 7 o'clock, P. M.

INDIANA.

Fire at Hagerstown.

HAGERSTOWN, October 20.—The buildings at this place owned by Messrs. Wiggins, Newcomb & Stonebraker, as pork and grain warehouses, and also as freight and ticket offices for the P., C. and St. L. and W., W. V. & P. R. R. Companies, were destroyed by fire yesterday. The cause of the fire is not definitely known. The fire was first discovered in the eastern portion of the buildings in the roof. There was no insurance. The buildings contained a considerable quantity of grain, which was all saved, as were the books and papers of the various companies. Several buildings in the vicinity were fired from burning brands, but no damage resulted, there being plenty of water and willing hands to aid.

THE CAPITAL.

WASHINGTON, October 20, 1871.

THE WEATHER.

Probabilities.—The barometer will probably continue high, with pleasant weather throughout the Atlantic States, easterly winds increase in the Southern and Gulf States, and a falling barometer with southerly winds prevailing in the Mississippi Valley.

SOUTHERN TROUBLES.

Intelligence from Yorkville, South Carolina, is to the effect that quite a number of prominent citizens in that section have left the country ostensibly on business, but really to escape the penalty of the law. Senator Hayne, from Marion county, alluding to the President's proclamation, including Marion county with others, says no Ku-Klux outrages were committed in that county.

TWO MONTH'S PAY WANTED.

The Birmingham School Board vs. The School Teachers.

The *Southside Ledger* says: It is given out that the School Directors of Birmingham have resolved not to pay the teachers their usual salaries for the months of September and October, on the plea that no service has been rendered by them. In consequence of the prevalence of the small pox, the schools of the borough were not opened at the usual time, the first Monday of September, the Board having deferred the opening until the first Monday of October. As that day approached, it was concluded to defer it a week still further, October 16th being designated as the time at which the schools should be opened; but, at the suggestion of the Sanitary Committee, there was a still further postponement, until the first Monday of November. All this time the teachers have been holding themselves in readiness, keeping faith with the Board of Directors in not seeking or accepting other places, which they or may not have been tendered, and now they are coolly told that they will not be paid their usual salaries, for the reason that they have not rendered any actual service.

We can scarcely believe that it will be seriously insisted upon that these teachers have no right to their salaries for the two months during which they have been waiting to enter upon their employment, in accordance with election by the Board prior to the commencement of the usual school year. Our information, however, is to the effect that the Board has refused to order warrants for the salaries of the teachers for the months stated.

We do not know that the teachers are taking any steps to test the question at issue, in a legal way, but it is to be presumed they will not tamely submit to plain injustice.

The Weather.

A short article in your columns in September stated there would be no high water and but little rain up to the 14th of October, a moderate temperature, inclined to be cool rather than warm. There has not been one hot or sultry day since.

RECORD.

From September 14th to October 14th, cloudy and variable days, 12; rain, 5; sunshine, 11; frosts, 4; one slight squall of snow. Daily average of the thermometer, 50 4-12; same day, 1870, 53 4-12. River 11 feet, same days 1870, 2 feet. Rain fell 1½ inches. This was the river in the lowest since 1854. The indications of the present lunar month exhibit, if anything, a much drier one than the preceding. Sometimes the indications fail in October and March, and there are no hopes of rain enough for practical benefits, unless some unusual phenomena of nature should occur.

In 1870 the west was bountifully supplied with wet, while in the east there was a severe drought. This year, since July, it has become vice versa, dry in the west and wet in the east. Nature has been very erratic in dispensing her gifts, disbursing here and withholding there. Were her gifts uniformly bestowed, we might run a fat and slick, and reach final destruction. She so manages as to require us to bear our brothers burdens; and requires us to be as thankful for one's dividend of so called adversity, as of our prosperity, and thus aid our suffering brother in his distress, as we are now doing. Following the pain of the recent catastrophe in the northwest. These so called evils, are intended as monitors to arouse us from our slick, our false security, by teaching us practically, how vain and uncertain are perishable objects, when we lean upon them as having inherent good. And we now stand trembling, as a burnt child dreads the fire, which may make us cautious for a while.

The experience of the present year as regards the elements, has been exciting, and in some cases, alarming; earthquakes, pestilence, famine, hurricanes, fire, water, all combined, to draw the attention of the world. The atmosphere being destitute of electricity, adequate to the needs of the human system, invites and cherishes diseases if the usual wet season sets in 15th and 20th of November, the typhoid fever to be apprehended.

Yet with all the evils attendant on a dry season, good is often the result. we have observed the past thirty years, that a dry year, has always been succeeded by the next year's producing a very abundant crop, and remarkable good health, such years were 1836 and 1837, preceded by the dry season of 1834 and the Fall of '36, when the river did not rise but froze up. The earth with its recuperation by absorbing the gases from above and from below, which can only be effected by the earth being dry.

INDICATIONS.

From 14th October to 15th November, sixteen cloudy variable days, seven of rainy, fourteen of sunshine, several frosty mornings, little or no hard freezing, cool mornings and evenings, and pleasant days, moderate temperature inclined to cool, rain not likely to be moderate, inclined to cold, with many moderate snow and rain storms.

PITTSBURGH, October 20th, 1871.

Prince Albert.

A beautiful quality of Black Alpaca, imported by a leading Philadelphia house, and bearing the above name, is worthy the attention of our lady readers, and all who appreciate this desirable and cheap fabric for dresses and suits. They have already become widely popular in the East, and we believe them superior to any other make of Alpaca. The main point of excellence is their beautiful shade and texture, and, being finished so perfectly on both sides, they admit of being turned after long service, without loss of color or freshness. Our attention was drawn to these goods at Messrs. J. R. HEARD & Co's., who are introducing them in this market. We were shown very pretty qualities at thirty to fifty cents. wrs.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

Personal and Otherwise.

THE Catholic Church in Ormsby is rapidly going up.

REV. DR. HORNER of the M. E. Book Concern, will preach in Temperanceville to-morrow.

REV. R. T. MILLER of Temperanceville, preaches in the Methodist Church at Noblestown to-morrow.

THE subject of the Rev. W. N. De Mark's lecture on Sunday evening will be "The Lion and the House."

REV. E. R. JONES of Chartiers, will occupy the pulpit in the South Pittsburgh M. E. Church to-morrow.

REV. JOSEPH KING of Allegheny, is in Cincinnati in attendance at the "Christian Convention," now in session there.

IN some of the churches, in which it was forgotten last Sunday, collections for the relief of Chicago will be lifted to-morrow.

WORK has been commenced in the African M. E. Church, on Twenty-third street, between Sarah and Jane, East Birmingham.

A NEW Presbyterian Church is to be organized at Bloomfield, Sixteenth ward, where a Mission Sabbath School has been in operation for some time past.

REV. WM. M. YOUNG, D. D., recently of this city will assume his duties as pastor of the First Baptist Church, Oil City, on the first Sunday in November.

REV. ALEXANDER CLARK, of the *Methodist Recorder*, this city, is reating from editorial tolls in San Francisco, where he is supplying a Presbyterian Church.

THE Choir at St. Andrew's Episcopal Church Ninth street, has recently been much improved by the accession of several of our best vocalists. It is now claimed to be the best in the city.

REV. FATHER O'ROURKE, Catholic pastor of the Point Mission has vaccinated three hundred persons free of charge in that district, and through his exertions greatly improved its sanitary condition.

RT. REV. BISHOP DOMENEC last Sunday dedicated a new Catholic Church at New Castle, and to-morrow will dedicate St. Rose Church at Darlington. Next Sunday he will also be engaged in dedication.

THE pastor of Grace English Lutheran Church, Seventh street, Birmingham, will preach both morning and evening to-morrow (Sunday) on the subject of Infant Baptism. The pews of the church are free.

REV. Dr. J. B. CLARK, of Allegheny will not be able to fill his pulpit to-morrow. He is again confined to his room by congestion of the lungs, and will probably have to cease public ministrations for some time.

THE *Christian Advocate*, in an editorial this week, takes the ground that it is not fine churches, extravagant dressing, etc., that keep poor people away from the sanctuary (for all of these are seen in the Catholic Cathedrals where the poor also congregate), but in the lack of *general sociability* among church people.

IN response to the appeal of Right Rev. Bishop Kerfoot, the churches under his jurisdiction, so far as reported, have contributed the sum of $814.75 for the benefit of the Chicago sufferers. Collections in the remaining parishes of the diocese will increase this amount considerably.

WE LEARN that Rev. S. A. Taggart, formerly pastor of the church at Turtle Creek, has been elected General Secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association of the State of Pennsylvania, with quarters for the present at rooms of the Y. M. C. A., Pittsburgh. It is the intention of the State Executive Committee to arrange for a tour of the State, visiting some thirty points and spending two days at each. Mr. Taggart designs visiting, as far as practicable, every Christian Association in the State, and hold himself in readiness at any time to assist those wishing to organize new associations.

BREVITIES.

PREPARE for winter.

HALLOWE'EN coming.

SPORTSMEN report rabbits plenty.

MERCHANTS preparing for the holiday trade.

THIS is the season for making sauer kraut.

OYSTERS are luscious and plenty this season.

THE Fifth avenue markets are well patronized.

STREET CORNER loafers thick as autumn leaves.

THE Escaped Nun has escaped to the Oil Regions.

OUR coal brings thirty-two cents a bushel in Cincinnati.

CHESTNUTS are very plenty in this market and bring good prices.

SEVERAL of the excursionists came home by the Pennsylvania Central.

DOGWOOD and poison ivy are brilliant but dangerous-to-handle leaves.

MOST of the excursionists arrived here from Baltimore at a late hour last night.

THE height of Sabbatarianism—Finding a bank note on the pavement on Sunday, and declining to pick it up.

THE Turners' exhibition, for the aid of the unfortunate sufferers of Michigan, promises to prove a great success.

SOME naughty controversaries will grow out of the Baltimore Sunday. Already the glove has been thrown down by one of the Richeleus.

AN editor, evidently henpecked, says that "If in our school days the rule of three is proverbially trying, how much harder in after life do we find the rule of one!"

THE Augusta L. Dancer will play a star engagement at the Fifth avenue Opera House next week. The sale of reserved seats will commence this morning at ten o'clock.

THE small pox has nearly disappeared from the cities but is somewhat on the increase in Birmingham. Yellow flags denote the houses where the loathesome disease has an abiding place on the South-Side.

WHISKY is now raised to proof with oil of vitriol, to accommodate the growing callousness of the palate. The difficulty experienced by the distillers is said to be that when the liquor is made sufficiently pliant for their customers' throats it burns all the staves out of the barrels.

THE MANY FRIENDS of Mr. Charles Speer, Assistant Cashier of the First National Bank, will be glad to learn that he has almost entirely recovered from his late and very severe attack of typhoid fever. It was thought at one time that Charlie was soon to be numbered among those that were, but he fought it through like a man.

THE Birmingham Sanitary Committee met Thursday night. The sanitary police reported quite a number of new cases of smallpox and several deaths. On motion it was ordered that yellow flags be attached to all public and private houses where cases may occur. On motion, it was ordered that all persons interfering with the sanitary police be prosecuted to the extent allowed by the law in connection with the matter. The case will be resumed to-day.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were admitted to record in the office of Thomas H. Hunter, Recorder, October 20, 1871:

Andrew McCready to Charlotte J. Blake; lots Nos. 99 and 98 in a plan of lots of Robert Wray, Stateroad, Pittsburgh, with buildings $2,150.00

M. B. Brown to J. C. Bedel, October 11, 1871; lots Nos. 144, 145 and 146 in M. B. Brown's plan of lots, in Mansfield $4.80

John C. Brown to Teresa Brennen, October 18, 1871; lots Nos. 189, 191, 193, 195 and 194 in John Brown's plan in the borough of East Birmingham 1.00

Robert Arthurs to Julia Hadley, August 25, 1871; lots Nos. 25 and 26 in plan of Robert Arthurs, Temperanceville, Pittsburgh 2,100

Adam Reisenman to Augustus Brandt, December 26, 1865; lots Nos. 94, 95

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1871.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

CITY.

MAYOR—R. W. MORGAN.
TREASURER—C. L. MAGEE.
CONTROLLER—R. J. McGOWAN.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 112¼@112¾.

WE bespeak the attention of our readers among the business men especially to an article which appears in another column, contributed by our friend Charles Seymour, Esq., the talented editor of the La Crosse *Republican*, one of our most valued Western exchanges. Mr. Seymour has been spending several days in making himself acquainted to some extent with our factories and their proportions, and he gives us "An Outsider's View of Pittsburgh," which evinces a clear perception of the true interests of such a manufacturing centre as this, and will be read with interest and profit.

SINCE the visit of the Prince of Wales and his royal body of attendants to the United States, there has been no such excitement attending the advent of a true representative of noble blood among us as that created by the promised visit of the Grand Duke Alexis of Russia, who is momentarily expected to arrive among us. We are pleased that he will receive a warm and generous welcome wherever he goes in our land, for his presence affords an opportunity for our people, especially those of the loyal States, to exhibit the gratitude and friendship due the great country he represents which was one of our best friends and sympathizers in Europe throughout the war. In paying due respect to Alexis we honor ourselves for thereby we honor a friendly and consistent nation to whom is due our gratitude and respect.

THE INTERNATIONALS.

DOUBTLESS, in spite of the defeats they met with in Paris, the Internationals feel that they are strong and that they have the advantage of working in the dark, and of dealing their blows stealthily from behind. The principles of the organization are of a nature to which no honorable man could possibly subscribe, to which no gentleman, in the true sense of the word, could give his adhesion for a moment. They are underhand. The members are the writers of anonymous letters, the makers of undefined threats, and the hirers of assassins and the dealers in secret, cowardly murders. They burned Paris, from pure spite and rage, because they had ignominiously failed to mount to the pinnacle of power which they longed for. They call themselves republicans, because of the glamour which surrounds the name, although they are absolute tyrants, and as soon as they gained a little power, they, after the manner of the men of the *coup d' etat* of a score of years ago, imprisoned and murdered all of their political or religious opponents whom they could find. Their throats are hoarse with crying "Liberty!" while their fingers are aching with writing unsigned letters threatening the French editors, who denounce them, with death and destruction. Taking the evidence of their character as it appears, from time to time, and piecing it together, we find a monster more loathsome than Frankenstein, a figure which is more abominable than the most atrocious picture our fancy ever painted. There are actually no redeeming traits at all, unless we except an occasional individual virtue, which shows that some exceptional member, (like Jim Bludsoe,) is not totally corrupt. They have publicly threatened that every prominent man in Europe shall *die* before an other year has elapsed. They officially predict war, literally to the knife, upon the employers of Europe, as a class, if they venture to introduce Chinese labor. They claim to have millions of adherents throughout Europe, and thousands in America. We do not dread their united actions as a body. We deem them powerless to overturn existing governments and destroy all the works and evidences of civilization and religion, as they threaten to do; but we dread the result of the assassin's knife, and the incendiary's torch. They can gain little or nothing by such deeds, but they can gratify their impotent, brutal rage. They claim that they have members in this country who are prominent and influential men. We trust that this is false, but if such a man should ever be discovered, such a storm of horror and disgust should be be raised about his ears as would sweep him to moral infamy as speedily as those practical internationalists were swept to physical destruction, who endeavored to relight the fires in devastated Chicago.

THOS. A. SCOTT.

The morning *Post* is jubilant over a new idea! a happy thought!! Its roosters are all agl ow with the great discovery. Its vision, which, since the Pennsylvania and Ohio elections, has swept round the whole political horizon in which to find some place whither it might take the wings of the morning to fly, and be at rest, its troubled spirit sees a gleam of hope; it looks again and again along the dim and gloomy expanse and can see but one bright spot. Thomas A. Scott illuminates the doleful scene. Thomas A. Scott is to be the shiboleth of the future Democratic party. Thomas A. Scott must, with the party banner in his hand, mount to the chiefship of the Nation. All other names mentioned or unmentioned are worthless, no one of them has any chance of success against the terrible the corrupt radicals. It the nation can be saved from ruin—after the Tammany fashion—if the Democratic prodigals are to escape from their banquet on husks and return to their fathers house for new robes—of office—and the fatted calf—of spoil, if the Democratic party is to live, and not die and be buried out of sight, Thomas A. Scott must be the President of the United States. The Hancock's, Hendrick's, Pendleton's, Seymour's, Tweed's, Morrissey's and such like, either or all, would not avail to crush the strong hold which the Republican party has in the affection and confidence of the people, only Thomas A. Scott can do this. We have a very high opinion of Mr. Scott ourselves—so high indeed that we very much doubt whether he would consent to bear the Democratic banner—whether he does not agree with us that no man on the Democratic ticket has the remotest chance of reaching the presidency. We also doubt whether, if both parties should unite in tendering him their support, he would accept the office. We think he would rather be Thom s A. Scott, Vice President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, than President of the United States. We feel very sure he would not exchange his present position for any hope of the presidency from a Democratic nomination. He has heretofore at least manifested no desire for affiliation with that party, except as passengers or shippers on his roads.

We welcome the *Post* to its temporary joy, its happy thought, and we condole with it in the unhappy brevity of its elyseum. Mr. Scott is too shrewd a fish to nibble at the *Post's* bait, he knows too well that no living Democrat can battle with any hope of success against General Grant he is quite too sagacious to stain his fair escutcheon with any such bootless contest. Mr. Scott is accustomed to consider well any enterprise before he embarks in it; and, although he can build railroads from ocean to ocean, and buy up railroads that others build,—and might be expected to run a train to the moon, or Saturn, or Jupiter—it is not, with all his genius or wonderful talents, possible for him to change the fixed determination of the American people to re-elect Gen. Grant to the Presidency in 1872. This is the bone the *Post* must pick, and it may as well make soup of its roosters if they ever recover from the election gapes that have so sadly congested their vocal organs.

AN OUTSIDER'S VIEWS OF PITTSBURGH.

EDITORS GAZETTE: During a careful and thorough exploration of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Birmingham, which, to all intents and practical purposes, are justly regarded as one interest, although operated under several governments, and while making diligent investigation of their resources, achievements and prospects, the question often presented itself for consideration—can this city or cluster of cities claim that the full measure of its or their usefulness, influence, happiness and prosperity have been attained or realized and that it or they have duly performed its true functions, as a manufacturing centre and point of supply, for that large portion of the continent that is drained by the Mississippi and its tributaries, and by the upper lakes? This point is raised in connection with the progress and development of our national commerce.

It comes up when legislation is demanded that affects the commercial interests of this and foreign countries. It arises when railroad managers assemble for the adjustment of freight tariffs. It is presented for consideration when European manufacturers seek American markets from which Pittsburgh manufacturers are measurably excluded by expensive land transportation, while the St. Lawrence, the Mississippi and the Hudson Rivers, Erie canal and the Lakes invite foreign goods, in certain channels of trade that are favored by cheap transportation. It also demands solution among the people of the west in connection with the commercial policy of the nation; for, it is urged by many unfriendly interests that it is absurd to legislate for the protection or benefit of the Pittsburgh manufacturers, when that city is inaccessible except by expensive overland transportation.

There are wealth, and industry, and pluck, and enterprise enough in Pittsburgh, for a city of a million of people. These enormous establishments that are in operation for the manufacture of iron, steel, glass, &c., are on a scale that leaves no one in doubt as to the broad headed and stout hearted character of Pittsburgh ers. Their breadth of beam is well understood. Still, notwithstanding their past successes, the fact cannot be denied that they were the custodians of a munificent trust, with mountains of iron and coal, and favorably situated at the confluence of the two rivers that form the Ohio. And, notwithstanding ill these immense advantages, and the favorable turn of our National legislation in respect to domestic commerce, by the necessities of the Government, growing out of the war, this country keeps the workshops of Europe full of orders for good, that should be manufactured in America; and in some branches of business, even here in Pittsburgh, there is evidently a lack of prosperity. The glass manufacturers especially are deprived of their just remuneration; and their goods, being of a fragile and bulky nature, are affected in price very much by the relative cost and safety of transportation by land and water. With the free navigation of the St. Lawrence and the lakes, secured under the recent treaty between the British and American Governments, Pittsburgh will find foreign manufacturers pushing their goods with increased facilities into the heart of the continent; and unless the National Congress rises to an appreciation of the facts, and comes to the rescue of the people, with our domestic commerce from the burdens of costly land transportation that benefit merciless monopolies whose stock and bonds are largely owned in Europe, by improving and developing the available internal lines of water communication between the various sections of our common country, the great agricultural, industrial and commercial interests of America will be at the mercy of those who are interested in the growl ing of our foreign commerce, which augments the foreign indebtedness of the nation, depreciates the labor of the American farmer and mechanic, and subjects the exchange of agricultural products and manufactured merchandise to double transportation on land and sea. In view of these facts, is it not the true policy of Pittsburgh, of the west, and of the entire country (Tweedville excepted) to unite all of the great water transportation interests, and secure, by judiciously expended appropriations, the improvement of the navigation of the Ohio, Missouri and Mississippi Rivers, by means of dredge boats, locks, dams and slack-water navigation, so that steamers of the capacity of one thousand tons may safely navigate from Pittsburgh to the Upper and Lower Mississippi? This object is attainable by good organization and united effort on the part of the friends of water transportation; and, if achieved, we can reverse the policy of the free trade middle men, of European manufacturers, and of transportation monopolies, by importing from Europe the laborers to develop and enjoy the resources of America, instead of importing the products of their labor to break down the value of labor and capital employed in American agriculture and manufactures. As a first step toward unanimity of action, these three cities, already united in interest, should be under one government and one name. Pennsylvania should make common cause with Pittsburgh in regard to the interests of navigation.

The entire valley of the Mississippi and tributary country of the West would cooperate in efforts to secure cheap freightte.

Better sanitary regulations are needed to insure the safety of not only your own citizens, but that of people from abroad, who are deterred from visiting Pittsburgh, either on business or pleasure, by the prevslence of the loathsome disease of small-pox. More underground drainage and fewer swine and dogs would promote the public health. Less conflict of authorities and greater harmony of action would result from a consolidation of your several city governments into one organization; and a larger influence on other communities would be exerted by Pittsburgh, if it were known that it spoke for nearly a quarter of a million of people.

They have been successful in obtaining liberal and necessary appropriations for the Upper Mississippi.

Having devoted considerable attention for many years past to the river interests, as editor and publisher of the La Crosse *Republican*, and as President of the oldest and largest Press Association in the United States, by efforts to unite the people and their public servants in the National and State Legislatures, I am persuaded the masses are everywhere heartily in sympathy with the improvements above indicated; and notwithstanding many members of Congress, who are learned in the law and endowed with an endless amount of "gab," are as incapable of entertaining or comprehending the facts touching any vital or substantial interest of the nation, outside of their party platforms, as a nut-cracker is for doing service in a Pittsburgh iron or steel mill; yet there is no doubt that unanimity of effort among the people on this question would very soon cause their wishes and wants to be respected when they are in harmony with the general welfare. Every State Legislature that is not controlled by railway monopolies will gladly memorialize Congress in favor of this Ohio River improvement, as a part and parcel of the great national system of internal water-line communications, which shall include the navigation interests of the whole country.

Hoping these suggestions may lead to favorable action and satisfactory results, and thanking you and many other friends for kind attentions during my visit to Pittsburgh,

I remain, respectfully yours,
CHARLES SEYMOUR,
La Crosse, Wis.

A Communist Marriage Certificate.

Marriages under the Commune were very loosely contracted, but the following certificate, which came to light in a trial lately reported in the *Gazette des Tribunaux*, is the most remarkable case of a "one-sided reciprocity" that we have ever seen:

"FRENCH REPUBLIC.—The citizen Anet, son of Jean Louis Anet, and the citoyenne Maria Saint—she engage to follow the said citizen everywhere and to love him always.—ANET. MARIA SAINT. Witnessed by the undermentioned citizen and citoyenne, Fourier, Lareche. Paris, April 22, 1871."

Considering the fact that that the citizen Anet did not embarrass himself with promises of any kind, we think the citoyenne "did protest too much."

THE STATE.

NEW CASTLE has been lithographed.

THE buckwheat crop is not full this year in Butler county.

INDIANA sent over three hundred dollars to the Chicago sufferers.

BLAIR county's official majorities were 549 for Stanton, and 550 for Beath.

WARREN county's official majorities are 501 for Stanton and 507 for Beath.

WESTMORELAND's official majority for McCandless was 1 335, for Cooper 1,305.

THE official majorities of Venango county were 568 for Stanton and the same for Beath.

A MAN named Josiah Bush, who resided a few miles north of Greensburg, committed suicide on Monday morning, October 9, 1871, by shooting himself through the head. No cause is assigned for this terrible act except that of hereditary insanity, he being either the third or fourth victim in the same family.

THE Somerset *Herald* says: We learn that the final lease of the Branch Road was made to the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Road on last Saturday. We are not now able to give the terms of the lease. The Connellsville Company took charge of the road on Monday morning last, and are now running trains on schedule time to connect with all trains on the main line.

THE Bedford *Enquirer* says: A few nights ago, the mountain South of Bedford was on fire and burning rapidly. A heavy shower of rain extinguished the flames, or we might now be experiencing Chicago disasters in the vicinity of Bedford. For a number of years, as regularly as the seasons, our mountains have been fired up semi-annually, through the carelessness of sportsmen or the malicious incendiarism of a pack of scoundrels.

THE Greensburg *Tribune* says: On Tuesday last a little boy—son of Frank Shearer, on Bunker Hill, west of town—while driving a horse in the water wagon, fell from off the water barrel to the ground, and was injured so badly that he died in a few hours. It is not known exactly how it happened or where he was hurt. At first he did not seem to be seriously injured, but in a short time the poor little fellow passed away. The parents and friends have the unfeigned sympathy of our entire community.

THE Altoona *Sun* says: A party of four young people of this city, having become struck with the gaudy tinsel and other paraphernalia incident to the stage, made a bold strike one day last week for glory and renown. As we before stated, the party consisted of four persons—two ladies and two gentlemen—the ladies being yet in their teens, and who, in order to go had to invent a story to suit their parents or guardians. They, however, started. Their first performance, we believe, was advertised at Indiana as the "Mountain City Variety Troop," where, we understand, they saw the dark side of the show business in their not having a sufficiently plethoric exchequer to meet the demands made upon it. This was very disheartening, of course, and we suppose they all wished about that time that they were back in Altona. Fortune, however, favored the young ladies, as the mother of one of them, having heard of the escapade, sent a party after them. The gentlemen were permitted to practice mathematics in counting railroad ties back to our city. Star performers are again plenty in Altoona.

THE ONLY PLACE IN PITTSBURGH

TO GET THE GENUINE

St. Louis Magnetic Spring Water

IS AT

JAMES E. BURNS & CO.'S

DRUG STORE and FAMILY MEDICINE DEPOT.

Corner of Penn and Sixth streets.

Fresh supply just received from the Springs.

CERTIFICATE OF A CURE OF DEAFNESS.

NOISE LIKE A TEA KETTLE

I took my son David Gilchrist, eight years old, to Dr. Keyser on the twenty-eighth of July, 1871, for a deafness and discharge from both ears, and a continual noise like the sound of a tea kettle, which had been coming on for over a year. He at that time could not hear a watch tick unless held close to the ears. The disease had been gradually growing worse, so that I had been made to believe him almost incurable, in fact most of the neighbors told me he would never get well. I had heard and read of Dr. Keyser's treatment in the daily newspapers, so I went to see the doctor, who told me he could cure him. He gave my son inward medicine and also applications to the ear, which I am happy to say has entirely cured him: and now, October 14th, he can hear the watch at two feet distance, and can hear the most ordinary conversation. His health otherwise has greatly improved, and I only feel too grateful for the remarkable cure of my son and take pleasure in making the case public.

THOMAS GILCHRIST,
Turtle Creek, formerly Irwin's Station.

Dr. Keyser's office for chronic diseases of the ear, eye and lungs 167 Liberty street, from 10 A. M. ununtil 1 P. M., and from 3 until 6 P. M., and on Saturday night until 9 o'clock.

AN ANCHOR TO WINDWARD.

It is good seamanship, when there is reason to expect heavy weather, to drop an anchor to windward.

We are in the midst of the season of chills and fever. The sure preventive of this distressing malady is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. A course of that wholesome vegetable tonic will render an attack impossible. Take the hint and drop an *anchor to windward.*

Weak stomachs are most liable to be disordered late in the autumn, when the changes of temperature are marked and frequent. Hostetter's Bitters fortifies the stomach against the effects of these variations. Let dyspeptics make a note of the fact and *drop an anchor to windward.*

The liver is more sensitive when the weather is continually alternating between the warmth of summer and the cold of winter than at any other period of the year. This is peculiarly the season of such alterations. Let the fitful ness remember that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is essentially an anti-bilious medicine, and *drop an anchor to windward.*

The wisest plan is to forestall evil. The next best thing is to arrest it. For disorders of the stomach, irregularities of the bowels, and all periodical fevers, take, as soon as the complaint develops itself, Hostetter's stomach Bitters.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

1871.....1871.

FALL TRADE IN

HATS, CAPS,

AND

FURS.

M'CORD

& CO.,

131 Wood St., Pittsburgh,

Offer especial inducements this season to Wholesale buyers in HATS, CAPS, LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S FURS, LADIES AND MISSES' TRIMMED HATS.

Our stock is the largest in the city, and our prices are as low, and even lower than any Eastern House. Merchants will find it to their interest to examine our stock.

McCORD & CO.

FABER &

VAN DOREN,

367 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

STEAM ENGINES,

IRON AND WOOD WORKING

MACHINERY,

Steam Pumps,

Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,

STEAM FIRE ENGINES,

BELTING,

Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.

☞ Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS

AT LOW PRICES, AT

WM. SEMPLE'S.

A LARGE STOCK OF

POPLIN SERGES

AND

Soft All Wool Plaids,

BEAUTIFUL SHADES.

Black and White Striped Alpacas.

Plain and Fancy Dress Silks.

Flannels,
Cassimeres,
Waterproofs,
Cloakings,

AT

VERY LOW PRICES.

At 50c., Black Alpaca Lustres, an extra good bargain.
At 12½c., Good Styles Dark Delaines, best quality.
At 25c., Serge Poplin Plaids, beautiful styles.
At 30c., Heavy Brown Poplins, a great bargain.
At 25c., Heavy Twilled Gray Flannels
At 15c., Bookfold Barred Flannels.
At 8½c. Fast Colored Dark Prints, best cloths.
And many other Good Bargains.

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY.

115. 115.

COUNTRY

MERCHANTS

Are invited to call and examine our large new stock of Fall and Winter Goods, just opened, and which will be kept up during the season by the daily arrival of new goods. We offer everything at the lowest Eastern prices, and propose to save the buyer the expense of a trip East and his freights. We are sole Agents for Fullerton's Freeport Barred Flannels, Greenville Barred Flannels, Blankets and Yarns; also, sell Bradley's Emdale and Eastern Flannels at less than mill prices. We have an elegant line of Silks, Poplins, Plaids, Satines, Epinglines, Merinos, Alpacas, Repps, Delaines, Waterproofs, Black and Colored Velveteens, Shawls in Plaids, Stripes, Thibet, Broche and Paisley; Skirts, Embossed, Printed, Seamless, Felt and Balmoral; Prints, Ginghams, Checks, Ticks, Cantons, Towelings; Flannels, Red, White, Yellow and Grey in plain and twilled; French Plaid and Opera Flannels in all colors; Cloths, Cassimeres, Jeans, Tweeds, Satinetts, Blankets, Bleached and Brown Sheeting (all widths and qualities); Hosiery, Gloves, Corsets, Handkerchiefs, Collars, Combs, Buttons, Braids, and an endless variety of Notions and Small Goods wanted by every Merchant, all of which we propose to sell at bottom prices.

CALL AND SEE,

AT

115 Wood Street.

ARBUTHNOT,

SHANNON & CO.

ae26:a70

Splendid Stock

OF

NEW GOODS,

JUST RECEIVED AT

MOORHOUSE

& CARSTEN,

21 FIFTH AVENUE.

Silks! Silks!

New Black Gros Grain Silks of the best makes and finish, ranging in price from $1.25 to $4.00.

DRESS GOODS.

Many new and handsome styles of Plaids and Plain Goods are added to this Department, to which we invite the attention of purchasers.

Shawls! Shawls!

This Department embraces very many beautiful Shawls in Stripes, Plaids and Broche, to which customers are invited.

Alpacas and Mohairs, Cashmeres and Merinos, Flannels and Country Blankets.

Fine Eastern Blankets at less than Wholesale Prices.

21 FIFTH AVENUE.

BAGS.

Cotton Seamless Bags have advanced, but being fortunate enough to have a large stock (about 11,000) on hand, we are selling them at the old prices. We manufacture a Bag called the Philadelphia, a Bag which is equal, if not superior, to any in the market. Of them we have three sizes, 2, 2½ and 3 bushels.

We also manufacture Paper Bags, Ropes and Twines.

JOHN T. BAILEY & CO.,

347 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh; N. E. corner Market and Water Streets, Philadelphia.

WM. D. ROGERS. JOSEPH MOORE, JR.

WM. D. ROGERS & CO.,

ESTABLISHED 1846.

Original and only manufacturers of the celebrated

Rogers' Fine Pleasure Carriages!

Elegant Carriages of every description in stock and built to order, including Sulkeys, Skeleton and Light Trotting Wagons.

Finest Finish. Newest Styles and unequalled durability.

Drawings and Specifications mailed when solicited.

Office and Warerooms

1009 and 1011 CHESTNUT ST.,

Manufactory,

Thirteenth and Parish Streets.

SUCCEEDING GEORGE W. WATSON & CO

(Retired.)

PHILADELPHIA. oct7:b8

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY.

MATTRESSES,

Husk and Sponge Mattresses.

SPONGE

Being a good substitute for Feathers, will be found to be cheaper, lighter, healthier and more durable. Sold by the pound.

Alpacas! Alpacas!

A large stock of Black and Colored Alpacas, Poplin, Serge, and 2-4 and 4-4 All Wool Soft Plaids, English Satine Cloths, Japanese Silks, Bright Colored Striped Shawls, Misses single and Double Woo en Shawls, Knit Breakfast Shawls.

The above Goods, direct from the manufacturers, are offered at very low prices.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY.

JOSEPH

HORNE

& CO.

AT

RETAIL STORES

NOW OPEN, ELEGANT NOVELTIES IN

FALL STYLES

OF

LADIES' CLOAKS

AND

SACQUES,

At Lowest Prices,

IN SILK VELVET.

Black and Brown Velveteen,

BLACK CASHMERE,

Braided and Embroidered in Black and White Berlin.

CLOTH SACQUES

See our Black Cloth Sacques embroidered in White, at $10.00.

LADIES' SPENCER JACKETS,

IN BLACK, SCARLET, BLUE AND WHITE.

Black Lyons Cloaking Velvets,

All Silk, and warranted to be the genuine article. Persons desiring to purchase will do well to call and examine.

We would also call attention to our line

BLACK DRESS SILKS,

BONNETS AND FELIARD'S CACHEMIRE DE LYON,

Celebrated makes in all the various grades, the prices of which will be found

THE LOWEST.

NEW FALL GOODS constantly arriving.

NEW LIBRARY BUILDING,

197 and 199 Penn Ave.

oc20

NEW

FALL GOODS,

AT

Macrum & Carlisle's,

27 FIFTH AVENUE.

New Embroideries and Laces,
New Gimps and Fringes,
Hosiery and Gloves,
New Shell and French Jewelry,
Ribbons, Scarfs and Sashes,
Zephyr Wool and Slipper Patterns,
Gents' Fine Shirts, Collars & Bows,
Undershirts and Drawers, complete line.

EVERYTHING

At Lowest Prices.

se26

The Triumph

COOKING STOVES.

THE

Triumph and Jackson

COOK STOVES,

Used by thousands of housekeepers. There are no better operating or more substantial Cooking Stoves in the market. Warranted to Bake or Roast as well as any other make. For sale by dealers generally and manufactured by

BISSELL & CO.,

235 Liberty Street.

se30:b46

TO

Oil Refiners and Others.

THE HUTCHINSON OIL REFINING CO.

Offer For Sale

The entire machinery of their Refinery, consisting of STILLS, IRON TANKS, STEAM PUMPS, SETTLING PANS, ENGINE and BOILERS together with a large amount of Gas Pipe and Fittings, with a variety of sizes of hose, Globe Valves, Gates, &c., &c. Also, their REAL ESTATE, situated in the Sixth ward, of the City of Allegheny, bounded by Washington avenue, Preble and Adams streets and the Ohio river, fronting 312 feet on the Ohio river, and extending back 360 feet to Preble street. Apply at the office of the Company, No. 99 WATER ST., Pittsburgh.

JAMES A. HUTCHINSON,
oct.b44 President.

100 TONS REFINED AND HIGH TEST SODA ASH;
100 Common do.
100 bags Refined Nit. Soda. For sale by
J. B. CANFIELD.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

Special Bargains in

NEW GOODS.

At 82 per pair, Heavy Gray Blankets, slightly imperfect.
At $2.75, 5,000 Government Overcoats by the quantity.
At $2 per dozen, All Wool Army Socks.
At 18½c a pair, Ladies' Heavy Ribbed Hose.
At 30c, Ladies' Stamped Skirts.
At $1.25, Ladies' Balmoral Skirts, extra heavy, a great bargain.
At $1.75, Ladies' Seamless Felt Skirts.
At 62½c, Gents' Cloth Shirts.
At $2.50, Ladies' Square Wool Shawls, full size.
At $1.25, White Marseilles Quilts.
At 12½c, Plain Gray Carpet.

Hemp and List Carpets,

VERY CHEAP.

WHITE AND GRAY BLANKETS.

FURS! FURS!

Ladies' Cloth Sacques.
Ladies' Poplin Suits.
Shawls, Scarfs.
Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves, &c.

AT LOW PRICES

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY.

GRATES.

L. H. SMITH & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

WELLMAN PATENT

Reflector Stoves

AND

GRATES,

KELL'S PATENT

IRON HEARTH,

The Anchor Sad Iron,

FIRE IRON STANDS, &C.

The Reflector is the best and cleanest fire in existence. It consumes less fuel and produces more heat than any other. We challenge a trial.

The Iron Hearth will be found more desirable and cheaper than either Marble or Brick.

THE GREAT REPUTATION OF THE

Anchor Sad Iron has induced unprincipled parties to adopt our style with the intention of deceiving the public. We caution our customers and the public generally against this fraud.

Our Irons are all PLANED and bear the ANCHOR (our Trade Mark) on the upper side.

Samples of the Grates may be seen at BARNES', corner Third avenue and Market street, GOODWIN'S, 65 Federal street, Allegheny, or at the

WEST POINT FOUNDRY,

Cor. Duquesne Way and Water Street,

se23:a61 PITTSBURGH.

LOUISVILLE

CEMENT.

The Best--The Cheapest.

The Cement has acquired the reputation at the first in the country in hydraulic strength and uniform reliability.

It is now in general use from the lakes to the Gulf, most of the public works in the West and South being constructed with it.

The mills at Louisville having been enlarged and improved, can supply any demand, and though the Cement has always, for 30 years brought higher prices than competing brands, it is from this time the determination of the manufacturers, in order to largely increase the sale and extend the use of their Cement, to furnish it in the principal markets at prices which make it the most available and economical for all classes of work.

The large capacity of this Cement for taking sand renders it much the cheapest that can be used for buildings of any kind.

At the reduced prices in Pittsburgh its cost is not much above common lime, which makes it unquestionably to the interest of owners and builders that the foundation of every good house should be laid in this Cement.

A large stock of this Cement has just been received by barges from Louisville, and is offered at greatly reduced prices by the following dealers:

LAING & McKALLIP, 347 Liberty street.
J. B. CANFIELD, 141 First avenue.
W. W. WALLACE, 319 Liberty street
MWS

All the Latest Styles

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

For Summer Wear.

FULL STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND.

SPECIALTIES:

Our Own Manufacture and Burt's Goods.

W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.,

31 Fifth Avenue.

se7:TTHS

American Watches.

Waltham Watch Co.,
E. Howard & Co.,
Elgin Watch Co.,
United States Watch Co.,

OF ALL GRADES.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

At the Lowest in the City.

THE

"ZIMMERMAN WATCH."

This Watch, made by Karl Zimmerman, Liverpool, is fully equal to any watch in the market, not excepting the Frodsham. Its superiority is fully attested by the wearers of them in this city.

FOR SALE BY

MEYRAN & SIEDLE.

Sole Agents, 42 Fifth Avenue.

ap27:nd

ARTHUR KIRK,

AGENT FOR

Hazard's Blasting, Mining and Sporting Powders,

All kinds of Fuse constantly on hand. Orders promptly filled, at

No. 19 SEVENTH STREET, (late Irwin) PITTSBURGH.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

J. G. WELDON. JNO. KELLY. B. S. KOLL.

B. S. KOLL & CO.,

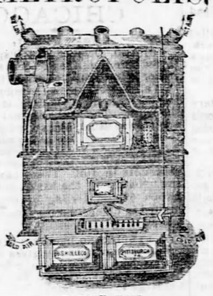
147 Wood Street,

CORNER VIRGIN ALLEY,

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

Slow Combustion Warm Air Furnace,

METROPOLIS,



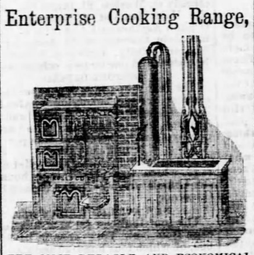
FOR HEATING

Private Dwellings, Schools Churches, Hotels, and Public Buildings.

Requires attention but once in 24 hours; economical in fuel and free from dust and dirt.

THE

Enterprise Cooking Range,



THE MOST DURABLE AND ECONOMICAL RANGE IN THE MARKET, having elevated double ovens, both of which are warranted to BAKE OR ROAST perfectly. It has a large warming closet in addition to the ovens, and is economical in fuel

MANUFACTURERS OF

Van's Family and Hotel Ranges,

STEAM TABLES,
CARVING TABLES,
BROILERS,
LAUNDRY STOVES,
COFFEE URNS,

and everything appertaining to fitting-out a first-class hotel

su12:y6-TTHS

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR

To its Natural Vitality and Color.

Advancing years, sickness, care, disappointment, and hereditary predisposition, all turn the hair gray; either of them disposes it to fall off prematurely, and either effect is unsightly and unpleasant to behold. DR. AYER'S consummate skill has produced an antidote for these deformities, which has won gratitude for him from multitudes of women and men. His HAIR VIGOR sometimes reproduces lost hair; and always restores to faded and gray hair its natural color, with the gloss and freshness of youth. The comparatively few bald and gray heads that we now see are those who have not yet discovered the virtues of AYER'S HAIR VIGOR for renewing the hair. The fresh and youthful hair we see on older heads is often the product of his art. If you are dissatisfied, or made old, austere and ugly, by gray hair, restore its youthful color, and with it your features to their original softness and agreeable expression.

As an elegant dressing for beautifying the Hair, it has no superior.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists,

AND SOLD ALL ROUND THE WORLD.

B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,

ap4:TTHS-T WHOLESALE AGENTS.

NO CHARGE

To Cure You

(PERMANENTLY)

In Ten Minutes' Time

OF

CROUP,
COLIC,
CRAMP COLIC,
HEADACHE,
TOOTHACHE,
NEURALGIA or
FRESH SPRAIN.

MAGNOLIA

CURES

RHEUMATISM

When all else fails, and will remove and cure

Corns, Bunions and Warts

Without your knowing its

☞ NO FRAUD OR HUMBUG. ☜

TRY IT! YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED!

OFFICE AND MANUFACTORY,

No. 62 Fourth Avenue.

Open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. oc16-e35-MTHS

BAILEY & CO

Chestnut & 12th Sts.,

PHILADELPHIA,

Jewelers and Silversmiths.

FINE WATCHES,
FRENCH CLOCKS,
BRONZES,
PLATED WARE.

Quality Guaranteed.

Goods sent by Express on approval.

TTHS

HALL'S

Vegetable Sicilian

HAIR

RENEWER.

IT WILL POSITIVELY RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR.

It keeps the hair from falling out. It is the best dressing in the world, making lifeless, stiff, brashy hair, healthy, soft and glossy.

For sale by all druggists.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.
B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
Wholesale Agents.

Looking Glasses.

PICKERSGILL, LYONS & CO.,

No. 141 WOOD STREET,

Invite the attention of the public to their large assortment of Looking Glasses and Picture Frames. Embracing many new styles. Also, American, German and French Chromos, which we offer at reasonable prices.

☞ FINE MANTLE AND PIER GLASSES a specialty. jy4:p65-TTHS

LEATHER,

Hides and Oil,

GEO. H. ANDERSON & CO.,

No. 128 Second Avenue

(Near Smithfield street.)

au17 PITTSBURGH, PA

AUCTION SALES.

Houses and Lots,
Houses and Lots,
Houses and Lots,

FOR SALE BY

A. LEGGATE,

159 Federal St., Allegheny,

Fifth Ave. and Wood St., Pittsburgh.

RIDGE AVENUE—Lot 50x216, corner Ridge avenue and Walker street. Brick House of 15 rooms.

95 TAYLOR AVENUE—Lot 40x90. House, Brick, two story. Pressed Front. 6 Rooms. Out-Kitchen and finished attic. A good house and pleasant location.

93 TAYLOR AVENUE—Lot 20x115. House two story Brick, with Pressed Front. 6 Rooms. Out-Kitchen and finished Attic.

50 MONTGOMERY AVENUE—Lot 19x40, with Brick Dwelling of 9 rooms.

45 UNION AVENUE—Lot 30x115 with three story Dwelling of 14 Rooms, Carriage House and Stable.

160 SHEFFIELD STREET—Lot 24x138, with Brick House of 7 Rooms and Attic on front, and Frame House of 4 Rooms and Attic on rear.

150 MARKET STREET—Lot 21x160, with good Brick House of 8 Rooms on front, and Frame House of 4 Rooms on rear.

208 FEDERAL STREET—Lot 21x30, with Brick House containing Store and 3 Rooms.

293 SANDUSKY STREET—Lot 26x120, with fine large Brick Dwelling well fitted.

13 MARGARET ALLEY—Lot 24x40, with Brick House of 7 Rooms.

249 JACKSON STREET—Lot 20x72, with Frame House of 7 Rooms and Stable.

11 OHIO STREET—Leasehold 5 years from next April. Lot 18x52, with store and 5 Rooms.

P. V. RAILWAY STABLES—Lot 120x250 in Pleasant Valley, with Stable for 70 horses; suitable for Butchers and Tanners.

P. V. RAILWAY WAITING ROOM—This building has been built lately by the Railway Company as a Boarding House and Waiting Room, to be vacated on completion of the new Stables, is located on Taggart street, near the Cemetery, and is a good Business stand. Inducements offered to an approved purchaser.

BUILDING LOTS—On Allegheny avenue, Beech street, Fremont street and Lincoln avenue.

DUFF'S MILLS, NEAR GLENDALE—This old established Mill, with 48 Acres of Land, Dwelling and Store.

Leggate's Real Estate Exchange,

159 Federal street, holds weekly sales of property every MONDAY EVENING, at 7 30 o'clock. Next Monday Evening those two magnificent lots, each 24x250, adjoining Mr. Forsythe's residence, on Ridge avenue, will be sold.

NOTICE—Our new office, on the corner of Fifth avenue and Wood, is now open for the Real Estate business.

A. LEGGATE,

159 FEDERAL STREET,

Cor. Fifth Ave and Wood Street.

oct7

FIRST CLASS

BUILDING LOT!

AND

HOUSE AND LOT,

ON

Ridge and Western Avenues.

A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer,

Will sell on MONDAY EVENING, October 23d, at 7½ o'clock, at his Real Estate and Stock Exchange, 159 Federal street, that magnificent piece of ground 48 by 247 feet adjoining the new residence of Mr. Forsyth, and a short distance west of Mr. English; also the residence No. 145 Western avenue, opposite Mr. Wm. Singer, the lot being 43 by 125 feet, and the house a brick of 9 rooms in good condition. Parties in quest of a first-class building site or a good comfortable dwelling in a good locality should inspect these properties and attend the sales.

oc20

64 Beautiful Lots,

AT

BRADDOCK'S BOROUGH,

On Pennsylvania Central and Connellsville Railroad.

SATURDAY NOON, OCTOBER 21st,

On arrival of

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,

BANKERS,

No. 78 Fourth Ave.,

Buy and sell all kinds of

Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.

Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARD.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

N. Holmes & Sons,

BANKERS.

We offer for sale a limited amount of the New Bonds of the

Allegheny Valley Railroad Company,

bearing 7 per cent. interest, FREE OF ALL TAXATION. Principal and interest guaranteed by the

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES received in exchange at Market Rates.

N. HOLMES & SONS,

57 Market street, Pittsburgh.

CONVERSION

U. S. Five-Twenty BONDS.

Holders of Five-Twenties of the issue of 1862, which, under the recent announcement of the Secretary of the Treasury, will be paid off in December next, have an opportunity to exchange the same, to consider the question of conversion, unless they wish to receive coin for their five-twenties, or exchange them at par for bonds of the new issue, bearing an average rate of 4 5/8 per cent.

We invite the attention of investors to the AVAILABLE HOME SECURITIES, which we are offering for sale, ranging from SEVEN TO EIGHT PER CENT. interest.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Cor. Fourth Ave. and Smithfield St.

GEO. B. HILL & CO.,

BROKERS AND DEALERS IN

Bonds, Stocks and Mortgages.

Orders promptly executed for the purchase and sale of all Bonds & Securities.

Collections made.

COR. THIRD AVE. AND WOOD ST., and PITTSBURGH, PA.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

COR. WOOD & FOURTH AVE.,

BANKERS

Offer for sale the New Bonds of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Co.

BEARING 7 PER CENT. INTEREST,

Free of All Taxation.

Principal and Interest guaranteed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. For sale at Ninety and Accrued Interest.

Government and other reliable Securities taken in exchange at Market Rates.

Finance and Trade,

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } FRIDAY, October 20, 1871. }

Closing quotations as reported by James T Brady & Co:

Gold	112¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy.'65	112
U. S. 6s, 1881	115¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy.'67	114
U. S. 5-20s '62	113⅞	5-20 Jan. & Jy.'68	112¾
U. S. 5-20s '64	113⅞	U. P. R. R.	80
U. S. 5-20s '65	113⅞	Ill. Central	131
U. S. 10-40s	107⅜	Cy. Pacifics	110¾

The Chicago *Tribune* of Thursday says: of grain markets: At present numerous holders of grain are practically compelled to realize, whether they wish to do so or not, because they must have the money that they could have permitted to lie idle for their boats in the fire. There are but few buyers, for the same reason, and the tendency of prices would probably be to a lower range, for a few days to come, if we received nothing from the country. But, when liberal current receipts are competing with the grain in store to find buyers, there can scarcely be other than a marked decline, such as was experienced to-day. It may be said that our warning was caused by a drop in New York, but the fact is that the decline on the seaboard only ensued after the condition of things here had been telegraphed to Eastern operators.

Country holders of grain would probably consult their own interests by keeping back their shipments for a few days. Of course no one can be sure on this point, and we do not desire to be considered as advising to hold for higher prices. But we can assure them of one thing—these liberal receipts just now are to take care of the trades and many of the agents of the receivers are scarcely prepared to do a large business, and the chaos of confusion caused by the fire is such as to render it at the point to grain can be handled so freely as it used to be. In another week all will probably be right. Till then the signs of prosperity will be liberal shipments, that will clear out the bins now full, and make room to receive the grain that will arrive here during the winter.

NEW YORK, October 20, 1871.

Gold was weak at the opening at 112¾, closing at 112⅝@112⅞. Loans were made this morning at 1-64 per day to 2 per cent. per annum for use; later 5 to 6 per cent. for carrying. Clearances about $50,000,000. Governments were lower, and closed steady. Stocks opened strong on the second call; declined slightly on the report that a number of the Chicago banks had suspended, but on the receipt of an Associated Press dispatch denying the report, confidence was restored, and in the afternoon there was a general and considerable advance in prices; business, however, was only moderately active in the advance. The present bull movement is under an improvement by the patronage of some parties who have been bears for a considerable time past. A number of shrewd operators were covered yesterday and to-day, particularly in Reading. The advance in leading shares ranged from 1 to 2¾ per cent., while some more marked in Northwestern, Pacific Mail, Rock Island, Lake Shore, Reading and Western Union. The market closed strong. Money offered freely at 7 gold, but 7 currency bid. Some loans were made at 6 per cent. State bonds dull and weak.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } FRIDAY, October 20, 1871. }

ASHES—Common Soda, 4 ots; refined do, 4¾@4¾; Pearls, 9¾; Pots, 7½; Nitrate Soda, 4¼@4½.

APPLE BUTTER—Is coming in freely and stocks have commenced to accumulate; strictly prime, however, still quoted at 75.

APPLES—There is no falling off in the receipts, and, with no improvement in the demand, stocks are accumulating; lower grades weak, as dealers generally are anxious to work them off, while prime winter fruit is held firmly at quotations. The former may be quoted at $2.0 @2.50 per bbl. and the latter at $3.00@3.50. It is said that prime winter apples cannot be sold here below $3, without the shipper sustaining loss, and, therefore, those who are holding back in anticipation of lower prices, will very likely be disappointed.

BUTTER—Some houses report an improved demand for strictly prime butter, but there is no improvement in prices—18@2., with an occasional sale of fancy at 21 and 22. Common and medium grades continue very dull.

BROOM CORN—In the absence of stock, there is little or nothing doing, and, consequently, we omit quotations.

BEESWAX—Quoted at 23@25c.

BEANS—There is some inquiry, and the supply in this market is very small, prime to choice navy quoted at $2.50@3.00 per bushel.

CORN MEAL—Is very quiet and the demand is mainly of a retail character, and may be quoted in small lots at 85@90 cts per bushel.

CEMENT—Louisville, $2.25@2.40 per bbl. Rosendale, $4.00@4.50; Calcined Plaster, $4.50@5.00.

CIDER—The market is quiet and unchanged at $4@5 per bbl.

CRANBERRIES—Are quoted all the way from $7@8.25 per bbl, according to quality and condition.

CHESTNUTS—Quiet: $3 is generally regarded as the ruling quotation, though some few sales have been made at $2.75

CHEESE—Unchanged; prime New York Goshen, 15½@16; Ohio Goshen, 15@15½; Factory, 14@14½; Dairy, 13@13½. Advices from New York indicate an easier market; the demand has fallen off and stocks are reported as being large—the impression has been gaining strength in for some time that there would be a reaction.

CARBON OIL—We hear of sales of standard brands, in a jobbing way, at 22½@23 cts, but the great majority of our refiners will not sell below 23¼@23¾, and many allege that the margin is very small even at that.

DRIED FRUIT—Peaches, (prime halves) 9½@10 cts; quarters, nominal at 8½@9¾. No good, bright apples here—no other kind wanted.

EGGS—We can report a steady demand and, with continued light receipts, the market is firm and prices well maintained; sales reported at 28, 29 and 30.

FLOUR—The only thing of any consequence to note in this commodity, is an easier feeling; a few days ago, dealers were very indifferent about selling—were disposed to curtail even on regular customers, being apprehensive of a further advance; now, however, they are nearly all anxious to realize, and, as noted in our last report, concessions, in some instances, have been made in order to effect sales. Minnesota bakers flour cannot be quoted above $7.75, though it is alleged that it cannot be laid down here much below this figure. Red winter wheat flour, $7.25@7.50.

GRAIN—The operations in all kinds of grain have been comparatively light for several days past in consequence of a scarcity of stock to carry off, of our dealers have more or less grain en route, but it is not available, as the railroads are unable to deliver. We hear a good deal of complaint about rate and it is a serious matter but their cars to be no help for it. Dealers who had contracted ahead, are unable to fill their contracts—some of them, however, are not pushing the matter, but their rooms to be no load, and $2.50@3 in a small way. Timothy scarce; and prime Jerseys, "double-headers," sell readily at $3.50.

POULTRY—Two chickens quoted at 5@60 cts per pair, by the coop, according to size.

PROVISIONS—Plain Bacon Shoulders, 7¾ @8; ribbed sides, 9¾; short ribbed sides, 9¾; clear sides, 9¾; sugar cured shoulders, 9; plain sugar cured hams, 10; canvassed, 10½@ 11. Lard: in tes, 10; in kegs, 10½; in bbls, 10¾. Meats: Rough sides, 12; Ham sausage, 11 cts. Dried Beef, 18. Meat Forks, 4½. Breakfast Bacon, 11.

PEA NUTS—Sacked at 3@3½ cts.

RAGS—Sales, 6@3¾ cts per lb.

SALT—Is quoted at $1.85, by the car loads, and $2 in small lots.

SEEDS—Timothy Seed is reported very quiet, quoted at $1.70 for small lots, and $1.65 for car loads; nominal at $6.75@7.00. Flaxseed, $1.80@ 1.85.

SUMAC—Sales Tennessee Sumac at 4¾ cts.

WILLOWS—Quoted firm at 10 cts.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } FRIDAY October 20, 1871. }

Trade in petroleum, so far at least as Pittsburgh is concerned, is very quiet and the market in a general way presents but little that is new or important. Refined, as compared with yesterday, has undergone but little change; October, Philadelphia delivery, 24¾; 1st half of November, 24¾; New York, for some reason or other, has been a shade lower than Philadelphia for several days past. There is some inquiry from the west; we can report a sale of 250 bbls at 22¾, free on board cars. Crude is reported firm and a shade higher; Parker, 84.22¾, against 84.20 yesterday. Of Barrels weaker; we reduce our quotations to $1.75@1.80, for city make—sales to-day at the inside figure. The demand is light and restricted mainly to immediate requirements.

CRUDE OIL RECEIVED BY A. V. H. R.

Spray O W, account L Heuler	22
Spray O W, account T McElroy	71
Union O W, account Thos King	92
Model O W, account J & Bushnell	90
Model O W, account Wm Gilmore	124
Triumph O W, account P Hutchinson	46
Vista O W, account H McKeivy	154
Vista O W, account T H Hutchinson	93
Sunbeam O W, account W Stewart	22
Citizens O W, account Bates & G	44
Grant O W, account Bates & G	208
Cosmos O W, account H McKelvy	46
Standard O W, account Shoe Mfg	150
National O W, account Thos King	474
National O W, account T P Miller	240
Crystal O W, account J K Barbour	8
Total	3,468

OIL SHIPPED EAST PER A. V. R. R. & W. P. R. R. October, 19.

Forsyth Bro. 2 bbls ref. oil to Warden, F & Co., Philadelphia.

National Refining and Storing Co., 262 bbls ref. oil to Warden, F & Co., Phila.

Standard On Co, 262 bbls refined oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

David Bly & Co, 105 bbls refined to Logan & Bros. & Co., Philadelphia.

J. A. McKee & Son 330 bbls refined oil to Logan, Bro & Co., Phila.

Fawcett, L. & S, 250 bbls ref. oil to Logan Bro & Co., Phila.

Wm. McKelvy & Co. 103 bbls refined oil to Logan, Bro & Co., Philadelphia.

John Spear & Co., 109 bbls refined oil to Warner, R & Co., Philadelphia.

Fulton, Marvin & Co. 53 bbls refined oil to Logan Bros. & Co., Phila.

Montgomery & Co. 61 bbls refined oil to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner 50 bbls refined oil to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Citizens' Oil Co., 558 bbls refined to Tack Bros. & Co., Phila.

Jas. A. McKee & Sons, 278 bbls refined oil to Logan Bros. & Co., Philadelphia.

Total 3,470 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED PER WEST PENN R. R.

Mentzer, H. & Co., 108 bbls refined oil to Logan, Bro. & Co., Phila.

Kirkpatrick & Lyons, 337 bbls ref. oil to Logan, Bro & Co., Phila.

Chas T. Place, 54 bbls ref. oil to Isaac Odell, New York.

Total 499 bbls.

PITTSBURGH IRON MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } FRIDAY, October 20, 1871. }

The operations in pig iron have been light this week, not in consequence of any falling off in the demand, but because there was very little stock; the receipts from all quarters continue very meagre, and the great proportion of that coming in is being placed on former contracts. The furnaces generally are sold close up, and they refuse to contract ahead at present prices, being apprehensive of a further advance; hence, while the market is strong and the demand considerably in excess of the supply, the volume of business is light, because there is little or nothing offering. In addition to the wants of our own market, Wheeling has been endeavoring to buy here, within the past few days, and there, as here, stocks are very much reduced. Standard forge irons are very firm and would sell readily at $36, 4 mos, an advance of one dollar per ton within the past week, and it is generally conceded that the highest notch has not yet been reached. Some operators predict that this grade of iron will go to $40 before it stops, and the indications at this writing are that these predictions will be realized.

There is a continued brisk demand for finished irons; orders are flowing in freely, both from the east and west, and all the mills are reported as being very busy, having as many orders as they can fill, notwithstanding they are running double turn. The rolling advance, so far as we can learn, is strictly adhered to, and another screw upward is not impossible—in fact, the mills will be forced to it, in consequence of the steady advance in crude irons. Merchant bar is quoted at 3½, 60 days, for small lots, and 3¾ for round lots, same time.

Following is a report of the sales reported this week:

ANTHRACITE.

50 tons	Mixed No. 2 and Forge		
	Neutral	$35 00	cash
60 "	No. 1 Extra Foundry	40 00	4 mos
30 "	No. 1 Extra Foundry	41 00	4 mos
40 "	No. 2 Extra Foundry	38 00	4 mos
10 "	No. 1 Extra Foundry	41 00	4 mos

EASTERN COKE.

200 tons	Gray Forge	$36 00 4 mos

BITUMINOUS COAL SMELTED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR.

20 tons	Foundry	$37 00 4 mos
20 "	Foundry	38 00 4 mos
50 "	Foundry	39 00 4 mos
10 "	Foundry	39 00 4 mos
80 "	Gray Forge	36 00 4 mos
60 "	Gray Forge	36 00 4 mos
50 "	Cold Short	55 00 4 mos
200 "	Mill Iron	36 00 4 mos
300 "	Mill Iron	36 00 4 mos

CHARCOAL MAGNO ROCK.

50 tons	Extra No. 1	$43 00 4 mos

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Live Stock.

NEW YORK, October 20.—Beeves count 200 head to-day, largely from Philadelphia and Baltimore—Chicago stock not through; total this week 7,300. Market active and unchanged, save some little four cwt poor Missouri steers and heifers, which would not bring 7c; prime to choice cwt Kentucky sold at 11¾@12; no Texans, but many Virginia cattle; one lot of six cars, 6¾ cwt, selling at 9.2½c. The fall run is looked for on Monday. Sheep number from 1,000 to 7,000 head today and 35,000 for the week; all stock selling; two cars Canada lambs, 71 lbs., 7½c; one car poor, 70 lbs., State sheep, 64c; two cars 120 lbs., extra Canada 8¾c; one car, eighty-five lbs., Ohio, 6c. Hogs: 31 cars for to-day and 27,000 hogs for the week; market steadily as strong; dressed sold at 6¾@7¾c; four cars five Ohio, 220 lbs., 8½c; one car prime, $8.90@9.

BUFFALO, October 20.—Cattle: receipts 935, making 9,247, or 344 cars, against 413 last week. The market closes dull and heavy. Sales of 119 Illinois steers, 1,220 lbs, at $4 87½; 23 Ohio, 1,098 lbs, $4 14@4 25; 35 Illinois, 1,015 lbs, $4.12½@4.25; 28 Indiana, 1,160 to 1,200 lbs, $4.50@4.75. Sheep and lambs: receipts of 27 Canada lambs, 70 to 81 lbs, at $4@4.50. Hogs: receipts 4,117 head; market active at 6c higher; closing easy; lower prices looked for. Sales 937 at $4.75@5 for medium to choice.

ALBANY, October 20.—Cattle market opened with a supply largely in excess of last week; of good cattle the average quality is better than that of last week; of medium about the same; while of common it is inferior. There is a reduction of 25c per lb. the highest price 6½c; good to butcherlin steers sold at 5¾@6c; common steers sold at 4½@5c. Milch cows in moderate demand; receipts about 50; prices $35@70 per head. Of sheep the supply is large and of good quality; lambs are rather coarse and show an advance of ½c; the demand for both is moderate—sheep at 5½@6 and lambs 6¾@7c, and 6c for extra. There is no change to note in the hog market; sales 1,000 head; State at 4½@4¾c; western 5@5½c.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, October 20.—Dry goods market dull and steady but there is a slight yielding in price for coarser jeans, which are relatively high, but otherwise there is no important change that we observe, and stocks, though not excessive, are ample for all current requirements of the trade. Flannels and blankets perhaps excepted. Delaware jeans are reduced to 15c; bleached do same price; Naumkeag 15½c; do bleached do, same price; Amoskeag cotton flannels 15½c; Lancaster Oliver brown and Slate 10¾; Massachusetts C fine brown cottons 9¼c; New Market A 12c, Hamilton reduced to 11½, while Gardner & Co.'s are advanced to same figures. Sprague's prints are selling at 11¾ and 12c. Harris' do at same rates and grocers 12c, and Lodi fancies 11@11½c.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, October 20.—Cotton 28½c. Flour quiet; superfine $5.00@5.25; fine and family $5.30@5.75. Wheat heavy and slow; No. 3 red $1.34@1.36; No. 2 red winter $1.40. Corn dull and prices have declined; yellow on track 44@45c. Oats dull and scarcely anything done; choice black and white sacked 40@40½c. Barley slow; Iowa spring No. 2 better to offer 60c in elevator. Highwines steady at 90c. Tobacco and hemp unchanged. Bacon low; shoulders 7¾@7¾c; clear rib 8c; clear 8½c. Lard nominal at 9@9½c. Hogs quiet at $3.75@4.00. Cattle steady; good to choice; receipts 1,000, 18,000, 12,000, 3,000, 9,000, 1,000. Hogs 13,0. Cotton 1,10.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, October 20.—Sterling 21½; sight par@¼ prem. New York exchange sales 1,000 bales good ordinary at 13 3-16@½c; low middling 13@13⅛c; middlings 13@13½c; receipts 4,273 bales, mostly on board; stock 77,385 bales; week's receipts, net 11,134 bales; gross 13,325 bales; exports to Liverpool 3,729 bales; to Havre 4,447 bales; coastwise 5,112 bales; sales 17,000 bales. Oats dull at 51@55c. Hay scarce at $36@38. Pork: no demand at $14.75@ 15. Bacon easier at 8¾@9¾c. Lard quiet and scarce; tierce 10¾c; keg 13c. Sugar firm; very centrifugals 10c; good to fair 9¾@9¾c; low centrifugal 9¼c. Molasses easier; 51 @56c; prime 67½c; choice 70c. Coffee scarce and firmer; fair 19¾@19¾c; prime 19¾@20c. Whisky firm at 89@90c.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, October 20.—Flour dull and heavy. Wheat dull; No. 1 red western $1.40; No. 2 red winter held at $1.36@1.38; offered weak. Corn 2c lower; low mixed 50c. Oats dull at 38@39c. Petroleum unchanged.

Detroit.

DETROIT, October 20.—Wheat quiet and unchanged; extra $1.35; No. 1 white $1.48; amber $1.43@1.44. Corn at 60c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, Oct 19—1 car meal, Hussey, Wells & Co; 3 do do, James Wood & Co; 1 do do, Rverse & Pierson & Co; 2 do do, Zug & Co; 1 do do, Wm Smith; 430 bbls g apples, Voigt, Maynod & Co; 1 car wax, Dilworth, Richmond & Co; 127 bbls apples, H Biddle & Co; 200 do do, Aiken, Wallace & Co; 118 do do, James O Brien; 140 do do, H M Jr; 130 do do, 40 sx onions, J A Graff & Co; 64 bxs grapes, Aiken & Co; 160 bbls apples, 48 do onions, J B Campbell; 300 bags oil corn, Jesse Hunt; 1 car lumber, J S Brown; 6 cars brick, Carnegie, K & Co; 176 sks corn, H J McCracken & Bro; 1 car do, H M Herron & Co; 1 do do, Hay, Brown, Wells & Co; 1 car clay, Anderson & F; 50 bbls butty powder, Beamer, B & Co; 12 rolls leather, De Lange & Co; 200 bbls potatoes, Gordon, Fry & Clark; 15 bbls whisky, Adler, Rosenberg & Co; 23 bdls paper, Pitts Paper Mfg Co; 40 bdls wood hoops, Jesse Hunt; 1 car lumber, Wm Scott & Gisal; 9 bales hay, O H Allerton; 10 bbls whisky, M Grogan & Bro; 6 bbls apples, A Darby; 1 car matches, Johnston & Curtin; 10 do do, Arbuckles & Co; 50 do do, S H Baird; 8 bxs cheese, John Daub; 3 cases tobacco, Austin & Co; 1st, further amount small lots; 1 car sks tobacco M W Rankin & Bro; 20 do do, J S Dilworth & Co; 50 bbls onions, J A Graff; 50 sks rye, W J Meek.

WEST PENNA. RAILROAD COMPANY, October 20—*Through*—10 bgs coffee, 2 bbls molasses, 5 do syrup, Joseph Craig; 25 pasels to Beamer, B & Co; 9 pkgs under P Beamer; 5 bxs d cheese, H Dunshuyer; 2 pkgs mdse, Mc Vaydon & Co; 6 do do, Wm Scott & Co; 1 do do, H Gerwick & Co; 1 do do, Welty Bro; 1 do do, Biggs & B; 8 do do, Dunlap & S; 1 do do, J P Nichols; 5 bbls molasses, S Moon; 3 bxs tea, W W Wright.

Local.—67 bbls salt, J H McCartney & Co; 4 pkgs leather, W Richards & Son; 31 bgs potatoes, Geo Saltzer; 2 bxs butter, H Bibb; 1 pkg Sanders; 29 pks wheat, 19 do potatoes, Laing & McKallip; 25 do do John Shaw & Co.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD—1 car lumber, Adam Rineman; 70 bbls apples, 5 do cider, 1 do eggs, L L Beck; 1 bbl eggs, J do butter, H & A Lawson; 1 pkge mdse, 1 do eggs, 16 do apples, J Beseuwine; 3 pkgs butter, 3 do eggs, F Gilbert; 17 bides, A Holstein; 5 bbls flour, W R Rhodes; 20 bbls apples, J McGill; 31 bbls apples, J Fries; 125 bbls paper Frazier, M & Co; 10 pkgs butter, H Lenz, 1 bbl eggs, W R Moore; 20 bxs corn, Thompson & Lyons; 37 bbls cider, I Hamilton; 5 bbls eggs, A Klinkuret; 61 sides, Jas Callery; 44 pcs wares, J McKee; 5 cars metal, Lewis, Oliver & Phillips; 1 car lumber, Baker Iron Co; 1 do metal, Rogers & B; 1 do Lindsey & McC; 1 car wheat, Gilmore & Co; 10 bbls apples, John Herbert.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, October 20—8 bales tow, H Gerwig & Co; 10 bbls apples, Dilworth, Richmond & Co; 10 do H Rea Jr; 18 sks pearls, J Lindsay & Co; 10 bbls cider, D L Clarke & Co; 1 car wheat, Marshall, K & Co; 10 bbls apples, Wm Smith; A A Knox & Co; 1 car oats, Laing & McKallip; 5 bbls flour, G W McClure; 3 cars staves, J H Wood; 240 iron ores, Lewis, Oliver & Phillips; 76 kegs powder, Samuel Kirk; 100 bxs cheese, 1 do butchers & Co; 1 car potatoes, Wodworth & Co; 1 do do, Hay, Brown, Wells & Co; 1 do do, O K Allerton; 200 bbls flour, Shoemaker & Co; 1 bbl eggs, F Baxmyer; 8 sacks lard, 9 bbls apples 1 keg apple butter, James Gordon; 2 pkgs butter, Joh Fon & Co; 20 bbls apples, 4 bbls quinces, W H Graff & Co; 2 pkgs butter, W Hanlin; 12 bales tow, G H Lippert; 26 do do, scraps, W Fiaccus & Son; 5 bbls eggs, Arbuckles & Co.

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, October 20—1 car lot, Scott & Gisal; 1 do bulk wheat, Young & Winters; 1 do wood E M Johnson; 4 do hay, A J Harnan; 1 do barley, 27 do do, J H Bissell; 1 do barley and wheat, McHenry & Hood; 10 bbls potatoes, S H Baird; 15 sks potatoes, Henry Brockman; 152 sks wheat, Wm McKee & Bro; 1 do barley, Straub & Co; 1 car barley, 170 sks wheat, McHenry & Hood; 1 car baled hay, Mc. Cracken & Co; 9 bbls whisky, Henry Wilson; 1 car grain, reitt & Gisal; 1 car wheat in bulk, Marshall, K & Co; 15 cadds tobacco, Carter Bros; 5 bbls flour, 100 sks do, M Grogan & Co; 80 bales b corn, J Dickey & Co; 1 car bulk oats, W J Meek.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, October 20—82 pkgs fruit, J H Lippert; 26 bbls do, John Porterfield; 10 cases do, J A Retshaw & Co; 25 do do, J M D Crosman; 25 do do, Reuver Bro; 8 99 gers Gallagher & Co; 6 bbls do, 60 do do, Kier & F; 1 car lee, Chaut Lake Ice Co; 1 car old iron, Harbaugh & Co.

PROCLAMATION.

To Whom it May Concern:

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested that the BOARD OF HEALTH of the City of Allegheny, in accordance with the Ordinances of the Councils of said city, creating said Board, have designated and provided the place in the Old Diver known as GLASS HOUSE RIFFLE, as the place where the contents of all Privies and all other offensive substances shall be received or emptied. And that no person or persons shall remove, or cause to be removed, the contents of any Privy, or any part thereof, without a Permit from the said Board of Health, under a penalty of $20 for each and every offense.

By order of the Board of Health.

WILLIAM BLAKELY, President.
J. W. ARROTT, Secretary.
Attest: J. B. WILLIAMS, Health Officer.
se15:28

LUMBER! LUMBER!

IN YARD AND FOR SALE BY

L. WALTER & SON,

Nos. 160 and 262 RIVER AVENUE.

Eighth ward, Allegheny City.

750,000 feet Pine Boards and Plank.
75,000 feet Cherry Dry Indiana Walnut Bds.
50,000 feet Dry White Ash Boards and Plank.
25,000 feet Butternut Plank and Boards.
50,000 feet Poplar Boards and Chair Plank.
50,000 feet Oak and Chestnut Boards and Plank.
50,000 feet Yellow Pine.
300,000 No. 1 16-inch Mich. Shingles.
Walnut and Maple Figured Counter Tops. Kept constantly on hand. Flooring, Weather Boards, split and patent, and a general selection of Pine and Hemlock Yard Lumber. au8:s28

SIEBERT & BERG,

DEALERS IN

Leather, Hides, Oil AND SHOE FINDINGS,

No. 406 Penn Street.

Keep constantly on hand a large assortment of Hemlock and Oak Sole Leather, French and Common Kips and Calf Skins, Upper Leather, Morocco, Linings, Lasts, Threads, Nails, &c., which they will sell at lowest cash prices. au15:y

WILTBERGER'S

Flavoring Extracts.

Are warranted equal to any made. They are prepared from the *fruits*, and will be found much better than many of the *Extracts* that are sold.

Ask your Grocer or Druggist for Wiltberger's Extracts.

BARLOW'S INDIGO BLUE

is, without doubt, the *best article* in the market for *blueing clothes*. It will color more water than *four times* the same weight of indigo, and much more than any other wash blue in the market. The only genuine is that put up at

ALFRED WILTBERGER'S DRUG STORE,
No. 233 North Second street, Philadelphia, Pa.

The Labels have both WILTBERGER'S and BARLOW'S name on them. *All others are counterfeit. For sale by most Grocers and Druggists*

se2:w3-dsc0wF

JULIUS RICHTER,

Caterer and Confectioner,

Nos. 16 & 17 Allegheny Diamond,

is prepared to furnish fairs festivals and *fetes* with the best of Ice Creams, Water Ices, Fruits and Confections at the lowest wholesale prices. Fancy Tables, Frames and all the china, glass and table furniture requisite for the most extensive banquets supplied at reasonable rates. au18

GAS STOCK.

TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY SHARES of Consolidated Gas Stock remain untaken on the subscription books of the Company at the National Trust Company on Penn street.

CHARLES H. ARMSTRONG, President.
ROBERT DICKSON, Treasurer. oct6:s16

25 CASKS BEST BRAND BLACK LEAD.

40 casks Extra Manganese;
25 kegs Garland's Arsenic;
500 bbls extra No. 1 Flour Spar. For sale by
J. B. CANFIELD.

RIVER NEWS.

The weather continues clear and pleasant; prospects for rain and a rise continue very discouraging. The river at this point has undone but little change during the past twenty-four hours.

Steamboatmen have become, and with very good reason, too, very much discouraged. Many of them have not earned a dollar for five months, and the indications at present are that they will not have a chance to make anything for some time to come. Some of them are engaged in other pursuits, and many others would like to do likewise, if they could only find something they could turn their hand to; the trouble with many of them is that they are not fitted for anything but steamboating.

—A Louisville correspondent writes to the Cincinnati *Gazette* as follows: The committee from the Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce, upon examining the progress of the canal improvements yesterday, found the work going on rapidly and satisfactorily. The first part, from the guard gate to the railroad bridge, will be completed in eight days; the second part, which the bridge to the basin, will be completed in four weeks. The basin is finished. From the basin to the new locks all the excavating will be done in eight or ten days. The rock excavation below the new locks will be finished sufficient to let boats pass through in fourteen days. It is expected that the whole work will be so far completed as to let boats pass by the 15th of November, by which time the canal will be filled, and there is enough water in the river to do any supplying. I will require a four feet rise here to supply the canal.

The Louisville *Courier* says; Capt. John Kyle, Lewis Glenn and S. F. Covington, the gentlemen who constitute the committee of the Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce sent down here to examine the progress of the work on the canal, have completed their examination and declare themselves well pleased with the manner in which the work is being carried on. They also say they are confident that, if we have fifteen more good working days, the enlargement will be so far advanced as to admit of the passage of boats eighty feet wide.

The Susie Sliver shipped a number of cotton planters and roosters at Memphis, yesterday, at $40 per month. They were rather indifferent about going at even that, as our local planters pay $50, and laborers are said to receive from 35 to 40 cents per hour. It costs for labor alone from $100 to $200 per trip, to discharge a vessel, in the present condition of our levee. River men think the expense, as also the levee condition, are fearful.

—The Charleston *Courier* says: Although the Kanawha river is at present, and has been during nearly all the summer, very low, we have not heard of any interruption of it, which we regret to learn that Chas. Fairman, who has been connected with the Collins wharfboat for seven years, has sold out to Capt. Wheeler but is said to be getting along as well as could be expected under the circumstances.

A drunken rooster tried to burn the G W Check, yesterday, by touching off a bale of cotton with a match. He was caught in the act, captured and jugged.

—The Memphis *Avalanche*, of Tuesday, says: The Check and her boilers tested, yesterday, by hydrostatic pressure to 180 pounds to the square inch.

—The Alexander Patterson passed through Cincinnati on Wednesday en route from St. Louis to Pittsburgh.

—The Mollie Moore was to have left St. Louis for New Orleans, on Wednesday. Capt. G. W. Ellis will be in command.

—The E. H. Durfee, New Orleans to St. Louis, passed Vicksburgh on Thursday.

STEAM PUMPS.

John M. Cooper,

No. 882 PENN STREET

BUSINESS CHANGES.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned, having purchased the interest of Davis Sellwood, do associate themselves under the style of JAMES CALLERY & CO., who will continue the business of TANNING, CURRYING and LEATHER BUSINESS in all its branches at the factory situated in the Fifth ward, Allegheny City. Also, at the Store, No. 102 Liberty street, near Ferry street.

JAMES CALLERY & CO.

In retiring from the Tanning and Leather business we would respectfully solicit a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore extended, to the undersigned, and would say that we always have a full assortment of Leather on hand.

DAVIS SELLWOOD & SON.

PITTSBURGH, April 1, 1871. ap1:d&w

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the firm of BARNES & NELSON, of Millerstown, Pa., was dissolved by mutual consent, on ober 11th, 1871. Mr. Nelson withdrawing from the firm. All debts due to the late firm and by them will be paid by the remaining partner, S. S. Barnes.

JOHN NELSON.

Millerstown, Oct. 18, 1871. oct20:b64

DISSOLUTION.—Having dissolved Partnership with Nicholas & Thompson, I wish to inform my friends and the public generally that I will now carry on the business of UPHOLSTERING at No. 153 Wood street opposite First Presbyterian Church.

R. W. ROBERTS.

"AKRON SEWER PIPE CO.,"

(Late Hill & Adams,)

Manufacture highly vitrified Stone Pipe for sewer and other purposes, both plain and socket, from 3 to 24 inch calibre. Contractors and Plumbers supplied at lowest prices. Wholesale and Retail dealers in Chimney Tops, Flue Brick, Fire Clay, Tile, &c. Are also

GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE

Johnstown Improved Hydraulic Cement,

This Cement is equal to any cement made in the United States, in many respects better than the Louisville Cement or the Rosendale, and especially adapted for Cisterns, Reservoirs, Foundations and Masonry generally. Manufactured and delivered at Manufacturers' prices. All orders promptly filled.

Office and Warehouse:

Nos. 65 and 67 Sandusky Street, ALLEGHENY, PA.

C. G. McMILLEN, Agent.

Send for Price List. mr13:s38

FOR SALE.

MAGNIFICENT

BUILDING SITES.

Lots! Lots! Lots!

The most attractive and desirable sites for homes within the city limits. Good neighborhood, good water, fuel convenient, easy of access, being located at Fort Herron, the terminus of the Centre Passenger Railway. Terms easy. Inquire of

C. H. LOVE,

No. 58 FOURTH AVENUE, or to

R. G. HERRON

ON THE PREMISES.

au17

TREES! TREES!

Persons intending to set out Orchards or Beautify Grounds, should examine our immense stock of Apple, Pear, Peach, Plum, Cherry and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Roses, Shrubbery, Grape vines, Currants, Gooseberries, Greenhouse Plants, &c., &c., all of our own growth. Also, large selected stock of

IMPORTED BULBOUS ROOTS,

Wholesale and Retail, by

JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,

112 Smithfield St.,

se23

MULES AND HORSES

FOR SALE.

15 heavy KENTUCKY DRAFT MULES
15 ROOM and ENTRY PIT MULES.
15 heavy DRAFT HORSES.
15 Light DRIVING HORSES.

For sale by

S. B. SMITH,

2N CORRY STREET A by city.

FISH! FISH! FISH!

No. 1 MACKEREL,
No. 2 MACKEREL,
No. 3 MACKEREL, large new,
SHAD, POTOMAC HERRING,
Fancy Tablets, Pyramids and all the chinas, glass and table furniture requisite for the most extensive banquets supplied at reasonable rates. au18

GAS STOCK.

TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY SHARES of Consolidated Gas Stock remain untaken on the subscription books of the Company at the National Trust Company on Penn street.

CHARLES H. ARMSTRONG, President.
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25 CASKS BEST BRAND BLACK LEAD.

40 casks Extra Manganese;
25 kegs Garland's Arsenic;
500 bbls extra No. 1 Flour Spar. For sale by
J. B. CANFIELD.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

JOB MOSES, SIR JAMES CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS.—These invaluable Pills are infallible in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. They moderate all excesses and remove all obstructions from whatever cause, and although very powerful, contain no mercury, minerals or deleterious drugs. Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, they will effect a cure when all other means have failed. The directions around each package give full directions and advice, or will be sent free to all writing for them, sealed from observation.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—*It is the fate of every valuable Medicine to be* COUNTERFEITED. *Job Moses' Sir James Clarke's Female Pills are the only gen

HOME NEWS.

Save Your Money—The only way to do it is by making your purchases at the Department Store.

Oakland Park.—The excitement on the coming races at Oakland Park this next week is beginning to run high. Goldsmith Maid, Lucy, Hotspur, and Western Girl, arrived Thursday night. To-day several more will put in their appearance. There will be in all some 30 horses on the ground, and an exciting time is expected.

Teacher's Institute.—The regular meeting of the Pittsburgh Teacher's Institute commenced last evening in the High School and will continue during to-day. The programme consists of essays, debates, lectures, &c., &c., especially in reference to the teacher's work. The vocal exercises are in charge of the Allegheny Quintette Club. Superintendent Hamilton Luckey presides.

Eleventh Ward Mission.—Rev. Dr. Cooper formerly of Philadelphia, but now Professor in the Theological Seminary, Allegheny city, will preach to-morrow evening at half-past seven o'clock, under the auspices of the above mission, in the hall of the Moorhead public school house, Granville street, near Wylie avenue. A collection will be taken up for the benefit of the sufferers by the Chicago fire.

The Home Insurance Company of Columbus, Ohio

It will be observed by the advertisement of Mr. S. S. Carrier, its agent for this city, that the above named Insurance Co., weathers all its losses, and has over and above, aggregate assets to the amount of $645,000. Of course in the midst of such disasters and may be counted among the safe and reliable institutions; and since it withstood the Chicago ordeal so nobly, might be considered fire-proof.

Nail Manufacturers' Association.

At Wheeling, Thursday, a meeting of the Association of Western Nail Manufacturers adjourned, after two days' private session. Twelve delegates attended, representing directly or by proxy all the nail mills between the Alleghenies and the Mississippi, which are twenty-four in number. The next meeting will be at Pittsburgh, November 24. The object of the association is to promote harmony in the business. The action of yesterday, which will most interest the country, is the increase in the price of nails per keg from $4 to $4.25.

The Pacific Insurance Company of California.

Unfavorable rumors respecting the solvency of the above company, having been prematurely circulated, it gives us great pleasure to announce on authority so entirely reliable as Messrs. H. Edwards & Son, the agents for this city, (as appears by their advertisement in to-day's GAZETTE,) that the company continues business with its capital unimpaired, $1,000,000. Its gold assets on 1st of July were $1,800,000; such strength as this after providing for all its late losses, is certainly a credit to the company has been managed with consummate ability and is among the safest in the country.

Perpetual Delight.

"If a thing of beauty is a joy forever," then one of those elegant suits which Hespenheide alone knows how to manufacture must be a source of perpetual delight to the wearer, as it is certainly to those who admire perfection in wearing apparel—perfection of style, quality, neatness and neat fit. Hespenheide & Co. have their establishment at 68 Fifth avenue, where all young or old gentlemen who would always be in order with their wearing apparel can find a full assortment of goods and polite attentive attendants, and where all orders will be executed with a promptitude and satisfaction unexcelled.

The Fire

The great fire in Chicago has attracted attention during the week, but now that the excitement is somewhat subsiding, ladies who are preparing their fall outfits, should take time to call at Lyon & Shaffer's Dry Goods Market street, and look at the handsome new stock of millinery and fall goods in trimmings, &c., that is now being opened in the store. The display is surpassingly beautiful and the goods will be found as cheap as they are good. They are receiving the very latest fashion emporiums of the east, and thus are the very latest styles in every respect. Some of the finest colors, and shades to be had anywhere else, will be found at Morrow's, No. 73 Market street, is the place, ladies.

Real Estate Sales on Monday Next.

A. Leggate, Auctioneer, will make the following sale of city and country property on Monday next, viz: one hundred and twenty-five lots in Etna, at Pine Creek station, on the West Penn Railroad. Train leaves Federal street at 9:20. Also, the Stanhope House, Federal street, at half-past seven, that magnificent building lot, forty-eight by two hundred and fifty-seven feet, on Ridge avenue, adjoining Mr. Alexander's residence, and also the house and lot No. 145 Western avenue, lot twenty-two and a half by one hundred and seventy-five feet, with a good 6-room dwelling. Also, the adjoining vacant lot. Full particulars at A. Leggate's Real Estate offices, 150 Federal street, and Fifth avenue, corner of Wood street.

Insurance.

We bespeak attention to the advertisement of Messrs. Loomis & Collingwood, 81 Fourth avenue, the well-known agents for several first-class Insurance Companies, including the "*Home*," of New York, with nearly $5,000,000 in excess of all losses; the "*North British*," of London and Edinburgh, with capital and surplus of $13,611,962; the "*Phœnix*," of Hartford, with $3,000,000 capital; the "*Springfield Fire and Marine*," of Massachusetts, with a surplus over losses of $500,000; the "*Merchants*," of Newark, New Jersey, and others with assets in January last of $372,000, and only $15,000 losses by recent fires, and the "*National*," of Hartford, with assets in January of $821,800, all losses provided for and business continued.

With such an exhibit as here presented, Messrs. Loomis & Collingwood may well challenge the unlimited confidence of our citizens in the Companies which they represent.

Amusements.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.—At the two o'clock matinee this afternoon and at this evening's entertainment the last opportunities will be afforded to the people of hearing the grand comic opera "Saratoga." Let none of our amusement goers miss these last chances of enjoying a splendid entertainment.

FIFTH AVENUE OPERA HOUSE.—"Neck and Neck" will be dished up this afternoon and evening for the last time. Those who have not yet witnessed an actual execution on the gallows should avail themselves of the opportunities now presented. The same bill will open Monday evening in "Camille."

MASONIC HALL.—The great Unsworth troupe continue to delight thousands of our citizens nightly. They will remain but a few days, then will make their final appearance. At the matinee this afternoon Eugene will appear in the same piece as he did on his first visit across the English Court in 1869. Unsworth will lecture on the "Escaped Nun."

Pittsburgh Female College.

The first half of the Fall Term of the Pittsburgh Female College closed yesterday, and the "second half" will open on Monday morning when an opportunity will be given for the entrance of new pupils. It gives us pleasure to record the fact that the College,—it comes so natural, and so near the truth to call it *the College*—has never enjoyed a more prosperous year, and indeed it has never afforded better educational facilities. Twenty teachers are now in constant employment, and the whole course of study is arranged with especial care to ensure the pupil a useful as well as ornamental education of the highest character. The hundreds of graduates who are now scattered over the land, attest the thoroughness of the study at the College. Parents seeking an institution which is all that it claims to be, should send their daughters to this Pittsburgh College for Young Ladies, and ere long, on application, will send a catalogue and early application should be made by those having daughters to educate.

Aid for the Sufferers

An entertainment of an attractive character will come off this evening in the hall of the Seventeenth ward school house, being a grand vocal and instrumental concert, for the benefit of the sufferers by fire in Chicago, Wisconsin and Michigan. The concert will be participated in by the Allegheny Quartette Club. The Tyrolese Vocalists from Chicago, and a number of other prominent vocalists. Miss Orton, a violinist of unusual excellence, and Mr. Harry Kleber, pianist, will also take part in the exercises. A choice selection of literary and musical exercises will be given by the Washington Schools, who will also appear in tableaux. Great care has been exercised in the preparation for the entertainment and there is every indication that it will be in every way enjoyable aside from the noble object to which the funds are to be appropriated. We trust the performers who have so generously proffered their services will be rewarded with a full house—such as their meritorious programme merits. Remember it is in the Seventeenth ward school house, and to-night.

To Housekeepers.

It is the duty of all newspapers to keep posted their readers where they can buy their groceries to an advantage. We are among those who don't think you get the most of your money by buying a cheap article. The old established and reliable house of John A. Renshaw & Co., corner of Liberty and Ninth street, is a house that has long been known as one of the very best houses in the city for families to buy their groceries from. The goods sold by this house you can rely on as being the very best and sold as cheap as can be bought from any house in the city, considering the quality of groceries. They also announce in this issue of the paper that they have just received one thousand dozen cans of choice fruit, put up expressly for their customers, and from the many years' trade of families, proprietors of hotels and boarding houses should embrace this opportunity, and lay in their winter stock. Remember the longer you wait the later you have to pay for canned fruit. If there is nothing in the list they publish you want, leave your order and they will have it filled to your satisfaction.

What Does it Mean?

Under the caption of a "Pittsburgh Republican down on Grant" we find the subjoined editorial in the Baltimore *Journal*, a red hot Democratic journal edited by Col. E. M. Yerger, of Col. Crane murder notoriety. We cannot imagine that the statement is true, and hope Mr. Bigham will rise to explain, as his political record is too good to permit him to be guilty of any such baseness as that he has so often honored him. We hope he indulged no such language when interviewed by Col. Yerger as imputed to him in this paragraph. The *Journal* says, using the italics to emphasize the alleged remarks itself, as follows:

"It was our great pleasure, during the existence in honor of our Pittsburgh guests, to make the acquaintance of many gentlemen from Pittsburgh, among whom was the Hon. T. J. Bigham, a prominent Pennsylvania politician, and the speaker selected by our Pittsburgh guests to represent them. In the course of conversation, which we are permitted to use with his consent, *he deprecated the ted to use with his consent, he deprecated the stealings of his party, which he felt bound to acknowledge, and condemned in unmeasured terms the recent proclamation of the President in proclaiming martial law, and declared that the evidence in Cameron of Pennsylvania, Cushing of New York, and other prominent wire-pullers of the Radical party.* If Republicans elsewhere would study their own interests, and act as he would study their own interests, and act as honestly as Judge Bigham, we would soon settle the difference between the North and the South."

THE BURNING OF CHICAGO.

A Sermon Preached at the First Baptist Church, Sunday, October 15th, by Rev. A. J. Rowland.

"Shall there be evil in the city, and the Lord hath not done it."—Amos, 3: 6.

After some words by way of introduction, Mr. Rowland said:

But it is especially of the connection of God with this visitation of which I wish this morning to speak. "Shall there be evil in the city and the Lord hath not done it?" is the inquiry of the text. So now we ask, what has the Providence of God to do with the burning of Chicago? Is it a judgment of heaven upon the place and the land? Or, is it the result of natural causes merely, which have done their work without his superintendence or concern?

To the unbeliever in the special providence of God, the explanation, I doubt not, seems perfectly plain and easy. At the time a strong wind is blowing, a boy carries a lighted lamp into a stable, which, being overturned in the straw, sets the building on fire. This fire communicates with other frame buildings that are adjacent; the hurricane that is blowing distributes the embers further and further and further along, until the firemen have more than they can do. Then, when the flames have attained a fury which baffles all human endeavors, they go sweeping down the various streets until there is nothing left for them to burn. It is evident, says many, that the hand of the Almighty had nothing whatever to do with it. The high wind was the result of natural causes—due to an attempt of nature to restore to an atmospheric equilibrium between the North and South. The fact that the roofs and lumber yards of the city were almost as dry and tinder-like as to be substituted to the long season of drought. The creaking of the lamp hinge was a mere accident. The fact that either the building was of brick or the fire began was closely surrounded with other frame structures and yards of lumber and coal, was due neither to the benevolence of the cause, because brick and stone were not accessible or were very expensive, or to the carelessness of the city government, which should not have allowed buildings of that kind and business of that nature to be so crowded together. The whole matter is, therefore, a piece of human misfortune. That the high wind, the tinder-like roofs, the beginning of the fire in a locality where it was most likely to spread and at a time when the fire department was already weakened—that these conditions of a terrible conflagration came together and produced such terrible results was the merest accident not likely to recur once in a hundred years. The destruction of the city is the chargeable on God, therefore, no more than if a torch had been thrust under every door by an organized band of incendiaries; because the cause of all our fiery natural and are easily traceable to their original sources. There is nothing supernatural or providential about it. On the other hand, it is nothing but natural laws working out their natural results.

Now all this is true, but it is not the whole truth. There is a sense in which this conflagration may be spoken of as a judgment, and is not a judgment of nature simply, for the violation of her laws, but a judgment of God. We may believe with the man of science that this disaster is the result of natural causes, and yet unlike him, see in it the hand of the Almighty God of Providence. But here we will need careful explanation and discrimination lest we get wrong notions of the Divine Providence and so be unable to glean the proper moral lessons which this awful event should teach us.

In the first place, we must not look upon this visitation as a direct punishment of the city of Chicago for the moral sins of which she has been the arena. I do not believe God sent this conflagration to Chicago because she was so full of abominations, because her business men were so unscrupulous—her gambling hells and drinking places so numerous and so well patronized—because she forsaken and the vast majority of the people so neglectful of God and His church. Chicago was indeed a city of sinners, and deserved punishment, but I do not believe God has dealt with them in this visitation. All these sins are to be visited in the world to come, no matter whether the wicked die in their sins or be reduced to ashes. The men and women who have been guilty of all these things will assuredly receive a fire department of unusual strength and vigilance, and that ever arrangement should be made to prevent a disaster it gave itself so fair to selfish and eager business life for which it has been so noted. All this was done partly on account of a seeming necessity, partly out of ignorance, partly that the energy and intrepidity of the people in the pursuit of wealth might have freer and fairer scope. Connected with it there was very much to commend. Never was a people so earnest in matters of education and religion. And yet God's law of security was violated. In the ages long past, he had arranged his elements for the moral good of his creatures, and the people of Chicago should have built their city and made their protective agencies in such a way as to show their love of God which he has ordered that wood shall be consumed by fire and that this consumption shall be the result of a certain degree of strong current of air. The fault of Chicago—for it was more of a fault than a sin, as we use the terms—was in failing to have regard to this common natural law of God, and it had to suffer the penalty of this failure, fearful though the penalty revealed itself to be.

And so I believe, though this disaster seems traceable to human carelessness and the violation of what we are pleased to call the laws of nature that yet it comes clearly under the Providence of God. Indeed I do not see how as Christians we can hold to any other theory of nature that yet it comes clearly under the Providence of God. Indeed I do not see how as Christians we can hold to any other theory of nature that yet it comes clearly under the Providence of God. Indeed I do not see how as Christians we can hold to any other theory without His notice, surely an event of this magnitude could not occur except as He willed that the penalty of neglect and disobedience of his laws should fall.

But if this be so says the objector, why did not God avert in some way the desolation that has come. If it was in His power to calm the wind and cause the rain to fall, why, when prayers for these exercises of his power ascended from agonized hearts last Sunday and Monday, did he not answer and fulfill the requests of his suffering children? Why at least did he not direct the churches and hospitals and the homes of his faithful ones from destruction?

Because I reply His love would not allow him so to do. The wind was essential to the equalization of the atmosphere; millions of human beings in the tropical regions were being benefitted by its movement. The drought was most probably essential to the growth of seeds the coming season, and for aught we know, to the present good of vast portions of the earth. Had God heard the prayers of the people of Chicago, then he might have brought much greater disasters upon an infinitely greater number by the disturbance of his laws. And since the city, without regard to the moral character of its people, had violated God's law of security, since all classes had lent the aid of their energy or their neglect to the formation of conditions, making a general calamity probable, all were obliged to suffer. God's love—a love which must look to the greatest good of the greatest number of his children, could not interpose earlier than it did. God's love, a love which deals with men so as to make them strong and holy in body and heart, could not overlook the neglect even of his people. The general interests of his government would be best subserved by their suffering.

And then, besides this, God permitted this terrible calamity for the sake of alarming to men so loudly, that despite the noise and turmoil of this world, they could not help hearing it some of the most momentous and solemn truth.

First—He says to men, if you will build cities and live in them, give yourselves more room and have more regard to your comfort, being and safety. Do not crowd yourselves together like cattle in stalls. Such life is sure to develop the low forms of human nature, fester its passions, create an unnatural craving for stimulus, and produce corruption of morals as well as pestilence of body. Such cities are not favorable to the highest form of spiritual life. In such circumstances you cannot be as I would like you to become, healthy in body, sound in mind, and pure in heart. Therefore this, you endanger one another by so living. One act of carelessness or wrong doing on your part, like a spark upon a tinder box, may set the whole city in a blaze. Because brick and stone were not accessible or were very expensive, or to the carelessness of the city government, which should not have allowed buildings of that kind and business of that nature to be so crowded together. The whole matter is, therefore, a piece of human misfortune. That the high wind, the tinder-like roofs, the beginning of the fire in a locality where it was most likely to spread and at a time when the fire department was already weakened—that these conditions of a terrible conflagration came together and produced such terrible results was the merest accident not likely to recur once in a hundred years. The destruction of the city is the chargeable on God, therefore, no more than if a torch had been thrust under every door by an organized band of incendiaries; because the cause of all our fiery natural and are easily traceable to their original sources. There is nothing supernatural or providential about it. On the other hand, it is nothing but natural laws working out their natural results.

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Lots on Fifth Avenue.

The lots to be sold on Saturday the 21st, at 2 o'clock P. M. are located on the upper side of the road opposite the Oakland Car Station, and are beautifully situated, and are far superior to any lots now being offered so convenient to the city. The location being such that the atmosphere is free from all dampness that prevades so much of the property contiguous to the river, and on low lands.

This property has advantages both present and prospective that should not fail to command the attention of all wishing to buy, whether for a home or on speculation. The location is very desirable—the completion of the new Market House also a great advantage to property on the line of Fifth avenue towards East Liberty, and especially in the vicinity of Oakland. The new Park improvements will greatly enhance the value of property in this vicinity. A free excursion will be given on the Oakland Street Cars on day of sale to all wishing to go, and no doubt there will be a large number to go, and not let pass so favorable an opportunity of securing a splendid lot in so good a location.

We are glad to note that the public in general are appreciating the efforts of Mr. Louis Green to keep a first-class shaving and hair dressing saloon. Mr. Green makes a specialty of dyeing hair and beards. He warrants the preparation used to be of the best and not injurious to the growth and health of the hair. For a good shave, neat hair cut, a clean bath, and a well dyed hair or whiskers, the Central barber shop is the place to get it. Remember it is located in the Central Hotel, entrance from Smithfield street.

Buy a Weed, and you will have the most *simple, useful, durable* sewing machine in use, free from complicated machinery, from "*fits*," *spells*, and all unpleasantness. You may get it on very easy terms. The best place to obtain a fine selection of music for a small outlay, as our stock is well-known to be the best comprises Songs, Duetts, Waltzes, Polkas, Marches, &c. &c., all of which will be sold at only ten cents each, while the regular price of many are from 50 cent to $1.50 each.

MELLOR & HORNE,
53 Fifth avenue.

Baltimore Excursion.—M. T. Heckert did not go to the excursion, because he was too busy in waiting upon his customers at No. 60 Diamond, Allegheny. And no wonder, a large and excellent assortment, for fall and winter wear, fashionable styles, complete fitting suits and very low prices throng his store with customers. He has a very choice selection of furnishing goods. See him, be fitted and suited.

Prince Albert

Black Alpacos, at
J. B. HEARD & Co.'s.

The Centre of Attraction.—Evans' Department Store, 59 Fifth avenue, Masonic Hall Building.

A Jewel.

SOZODONT Purifies,
SOZODONT Beautifies,
SOZODONT Gratifies all who use it.
Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.

All shoulds know that Evans sells cheaper than any one else at his Department Store.

THE EXCURSIONISTS.

Their Return Home—Account of the Banquet Speeches of the Pittsburgers.

The large majority of the excursionists who visited Baltimore returned home last night, all much pleased with their trip to and from Baltimore and with the kind treatment received everywhere in the City of Monuments. They give glowing accounts of the banquet on Thursday night at which tables were set for six to 900 persons, occupying the whole of the great main hall, as well as the regular banqueting room of the Temple on the first floor. Seven o'clock was the hour for the feast to begin, but long before that hour the main entrance was beseiged and the lobbies thronged with people, giving the policemen, under the immediate direction of Deputy Marshal Frey, a great deal of work to keep the "cangway" clear for the guests of the city, who were to come in a body, preceded by music. About half-past seven o'clock the visiting delegations, headed by the Great Western Band, of our city, marched into the hall, and were seated; then all the citizens were accommodated. Winter's Fifth Regiment Band was stationed in the banqueting saloon, and the Pittsburgh band occupied the gallery in the main hall. With music the serious work of the evening began. Eight tables were spread on the main floor, divided by an aisle in the centre, running north and south. In front of the stage one long table extended across the room, and on the stage itself was another table, occupied by the mayor, the speakers and prominent visitors and citizens, including the Pittsburgh committee. Rt. T. Banks, Mayor of Baltimore, presiding; Hon. George Bishop, Hon. Henry Duvall, J. W. Garrett, Hon. S. Morrison Harris, Hon. Wm. Platt, Comptroller of Cumberland), Hon. George Jeffers, (mayor of Wheeling), Hon. John Ritchie, T. S. Bingham, Hon. H. W. Griffith, Hon. S. S. Blair, Hon. D. Moore, Chas. Kerr, Col. Dennis, John, H. Page, Jr., Wm. Keyser, Dr. A. D. Gross, Hon. J. F. Slagle, Hon. Morgan, B. B. Eastroin, Hon. George R. Dennis and Robert R. Kirkland.

THE DECORATIONS.

Below stairs six tables were spread, calculated to accommodate about 300 persons. The apartment was undecorated, and looked cold and cheerless, with its bare white walls. Up stairs, however, where the gaslight was brilliant and the decorations profuse and tasteful, there was quite another feeling. The main hall was decked out with the most elegant and magnificent evergreens and flowers, come into our houses, and there you will find beauty, flourishing and blooming in the midst of desolation. Let us learn from these inanimate powers how we ever could have been in the wrong. In the name then of the Councils of Pittsburgh and of the people of that city I return you thanks for your sincere thanks for this cordial welcome of the Monumental City, and for this more than regal hospitality.

These new bands of iron place us closer to Baltimore than to any other American seaport, and near enough to give you an early opportunity to feel the throbbing heart of Pittsburgh, the pulsations of which will add to the bustle in your streets and the prosperity of your people.

Permit me again, in behalf of my brother Councilmen, to most heartily thank you.

A letter was then read from Wm. Banks from ex-Mayor McClintock, of Pittsburgh, who was unable to be present, in which he sets forth in eloquent language the great opportunities which are now open to Baltimore of controlling the trade of the great Northwest. A letter of regret at his inability to be present was also received from Hon. Reverdy Johnson.

THE COURTS.

Yesterday's Proceedings.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—JUDGE M'CANDLESS.

The attention of the Court was occupied by an argument upon a motion in a case of no public importance. District Attorney Swoope was engaged nearly all day with the Grand Jury, and hence there were no jury trials, except that in the case of the U. S. vs. Kemp, which is reported elsewhere.

SUPREME COURT—FULL BENCH.

On motion of C. R. March, Esq., F. L. Blackmarr, Esq., of Crawford county, was duly qualified and admitted to practice in this Court.

Lamb et al. vs Irwin, Forest county, Argument concluded by Wm. D. Brown, Esq., for plaintiff in error, and by B. J. Reid, contra.

Brown's administrators vs. the Second National Bank of Erie. Motion for leave to amend assignment of error, refused, whereupon, on motion of attorney for plaintiff in error, judgment of *non pros.*

Guernsey vs. McClintock and Porter vs. same, Crawford county. Argued by Douglass for plaintiff in error, and by H. L. Richmond contra.

Lewis' appeal. Crawford county. Appeal entered on list and *non prossed.*

Cannel vs. Crawford & Co., Crawford county. Argued by Douglass for plaintiff in error, and by Pelles contra.

Smith et el's. appeal, Crawford county. Argued by Derrickson for appellants.

ARGUMENT OVER AND TERMINER—JUDGE STERRETT.

The case of the Commonwealth against Eliza McCready was resumed, and by twelve o'clock the testimony on both sides had all been heard. Messrs. McCormick and Gibson then addressed the jury on behalf of the defendant, and W. C. Moreland, Esq., followed for the Commonwealth. After receiving the charge of the Court the jury retired, and after an hour's absence returned with a verdict of not guilty. The prisoner was discharged by proclamation, and left the court room surrounded by a large number of her friends, who congratulated her upon the result of the trial.

QUARTER SESSION—JUDGE STERRETT.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. John Thomas, colored, indicted for larceny of a watch, the property of John Wallace, was taken up. Mr. Wallace, the prosecutor, was called to the stand, and testified that he lived in West Deer township; that on the 6th of March last he was in Bakerstown; saw the defendant there. Witness stated that during his stay at Bakerstown he took a little more whisky than he could carry, started home, and after going a short distance he laid down near a haystack and was unable to help himself. After he had lain there for some time a negro came up and commenced feeling around him; he recognized the man as Thomas, the defendant here; saw a pocket knife in his hand; saw him take the watch from my pocket. The initials "J. W." were on the watch. Cross-examination by Col. Bayne, counsel for the prosecution, the witness admitted that he was first waited to see a Mr. Lockhart and Louis Grew, little boys, 60 cents; Mrs. S. C. Campbell, $5; Mrs. John Kohn, $5; Mrs. Hyndman, $5; Mrs. Blackburn, $5; Mrs. Robert Hays, $5; Mrs. Ebenezer Brown, $25; Major Wade, $10; Mr. Geo. Lisle, $50. Mr. Geo. Lisle, Jr., $10.

THE CARPENTERS.

Those carpenters who desire to volunteer in the erection of temporary barracks for the sufferers in Chicago, are requested to report at Christ's Church, Sandusky street, Allegheny, between the hours of eight and ten A. M. Each mechanic should furnish himself with the ordinary tools only required in rough building.

GRAND BALL.

The Allegheny County Red Men will give a grand ball for the benefit of the Chicago sufferers, at City Hall, Fifth Ave. Fire night, October 31st. The Committee of Arrangements are Messrs. John Rehman, Joseph A. Butler, Seth Wilmot, Louis Allen, James F. Hague, Ma Rush, Jacob Hoffman, Jr., Henry C. F. Kellenberger, J. R. Newman, W. Black.

EXPLOSION.

A Powder Flask in a Fire—A Little Girl Severely Burned.

Yesterday afternoon considerable excitement was created in Allegheny by a rumor which prevailed in the streets that a serious explosion had occurred in a house in the Third ward. Tracing the story to its source, our reporter discovered that an explosion had occurred at the residence of Mr. John Kerr on Hemlock street above the Park, and of a rather serious character. Mrs. Kerr, the estimable lady of the house, a little girl, not more than thirteen years of age, was engaged in removing some articles of clothing out of a cupboard when she discovered an old powder flask. Not knowing what it was, she proceeded to untie the cord, when there was a flash and an explosion almost in a second. The report could be heard for nearly a square. The room was filled with smoke, and the windows and doors were blown out. Mrs. Kerr, at the time of the explosion an infant was sitting on the hearth, but miraculously it escaped with but slight injuries, a bruise on the back of the head. The little girl, however, was not so fortunate. The greater part of her hair was burned off, the flesh on the head and neck burned almost to a crisp. The neighbors and other inmates of the house who had been attracted by the report, did all they could to relieve her suffering until the arrival of a physician. The little victim was suffering intensely last night and fears are entertained that her injuries will result seriously.

Outside of the damage to the windows, and the burning of a part of the carpet on the floor, no damage to the house or its contents were injured further. The accident is bad enough as it is, but it does seem a miracle that the little girl and the child were not both killed.

INQUEST HELD.

Death of Mrs. Mary Crampton.

The attempt upon her life of Mrs. Mary Crampton, by jumping from a window at the City Poor-house, terminated fatally at five o'clock yesterday morning. Coroner West being notified of the fact, repaired to the scene of her self-murder, after empaneling a jury proceeded to hold an inquest. The nature of testimony was such as to preclude a doubt that the deceased committed the act, the jury, after brief deliberation, returned a verdict of death by suicide, with a recommendation that the Board of Guardians, if they perceive in sending insane persons to this institution, have appointed proper nurses for, and persons in charge of the same. It seems a pity that there is no one about the poor-house to attend to the insane patients, save the matron and the inmates, most of whom are either insane or infirm.

Splendid Lots
on
auction.
Lots are located just
on
Oakland Car Station.
Sale at
3 o'clock P. M.,
Saturday,
October 21st.
See advertisement.

Don't forget to call at the Department Store to-day, and examine the great bargains in fancy goods, jewelry, &c.

The Office of Joseph Maclean, Room No. 9, 95½ Fourth avenue, is a pleasant resort for the literary man. You can find books in all the departments of literature, and many rare works. Send for a catalogue. tf

Those beautiful dolls can be had at very low prices at the Department Store.

The Lots to be Sold On
Fifth Avenue,
at 2 o'clock P. M.
are beautifully located and are
Bound
in every
respect
Attend the sale, when
you can buy a lot
from first hands
and on fair
prices.
Free excursion
on
Oakland street cars
on day of
sale.

Special Sale.

We offer for ten days special prices in Lyons Black Silks, at $1.70, $1.80, $1.85, $2.00 and $2.10.

These goods are below value, and will interest any wanting to purchase.

J. B. HEARD & Co.'s.

Bright, cheerful faces can be seen every day leaving Evans' Department Store, after purchasing some of the numerous articles there.

Ever be happy, and you will be if you deal at the Department Store.

New
Shawls and
Scarfs,
Bright and pretty,
at
J. B. HEARD & Co.'s

New Goods! New attractions every day at Evans' Department Store, 59 Fifth avenue, Masonic Hall Building.

HAIR BRUSHES,
COMBS, SOAPS, POMADES,
Of best quality, at
RANKIN'S APOTHECARY,
45 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

MARRIED:

HOPKINS—SCHISSLER—On Thursday, October 19th, 1871, in the city of Frederick, Md., by Rev. Mr. Williams, D. D., JAMES H. HOPKINS, of Pittsburgh, and MARGARET, youngest daughter of H. Schissler, Esq., of the former city.

HENDERSON—MASTON—At Cincinnati, Ohio, on Tuesday, October 17th, 1871, by the Rev. J. M. Worrell, THOMAS P. HENDERSON, of Pittsburgh, Pa., and Miss IDA E. M. MASTON, of the former city.

DIED:

PARKS—On Friday, October 20th, at 2 o'clock, P. M., Mrs. MARGARET PARKS, in the 81st year of her age.

Funeral on SUNDAY, at 2 P. M., from the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. James Gartside, Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

[Philadelphia papers please copy.]

TELFORD—On Thursday evening, October 19th, 1871, Mrs. MARY TELFORD, aged 76 years.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, No. 49 Belmont street, Allegheny, THIS AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

SHERIDAN—On Thursday afternoon, at two o'clock, THOMAS SHERIDAN, aged 49 years.

The funeral will take place THIS AFTERNOON, at two o'clock, from his late residence on Chestnut street, Temperanceville. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

CAPERTON—On Thursday morning, October 19th, 1871, PAUL ERNEST, son of Paul and Sarah F. Caperton, aged 13 months and 14 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, No. 91 Page street, Allegheny city, THIS (Saturday) AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock.

ALEXANDER AIKEN, Undertaker, No. 166 FOURTH AVENUE. Coffins of all kinds, Shrouds, Crape, Gloves, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Agent for Raymond & Co.'s Patent Metallic Burial Cases. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

RELIEF FOR THE SUFFERERS.

What Was Done Yesterday.

The regular meeting of the Trustees of the Relief fund was held yesterday morning at the office of Mayor Brush, the Mayor occupying the chair.

The Mayor reported that he had forwarded the $2,500 authorized to the Mayor of Detroit, or rather forwarded the draft for $2500, and notified the Mayor of Detroit to draw at sight on him for the remaining $1,500.

The Mayor stated that all the contributions now coming in were specifically given for the Wisconsin and Michigan sufferers.

Mr. Harper moved that the sum of $345.50 be handed to the Depot Relief Committee, to pay the bill at the Union Depot Hotel for the accommodation of Chicago Refugees. Carried.

The committee adjourned.

THE CONTRIBUTIONS.

The following contributions were made yesterday for the relief of Michigan and Wisconsin sufferers.

August Ammon	$ 10
Oliver McClintock & Co	100
Joseph Horne	150
Cash	10
Painter Bros. & Co	50
James Lewry, Jr	25
C. Hoevele, Jr	100
Mrs. T. M. Phillips	25
Moorhead public schools	50

Mrs. M. H. Bruce, 1 package clothing. Methodist Church, Lawrenceville, one box of clothing. No. 36 J. McKee, one bundle of clothing. No. 31 Fifth avenue, one box clothing. Alden, Monongahela House, one box clothing. Mrs. S. C. Williams and Mrs. Davis, one box clothing.

In Allegheny the First National Bank has subscribed $500.

THE ALLEGHENY LADIES' WORK.

Ladies of Allegheny meet every afternoon in the room of Dr. Swift's church, Arch street, (late Beaver) to make garments for Chicago sufferers. Several ladies have already sent off eight boxes new and second hand clothing; one box contained 176 new garments. The room is furnished with sewing machines, and all interested in this work are earnestly invited. They acknowledge donations from the following persons: Mrs. Dale, Mrs. H. F. Bakewell, Mrs. Glass, Mrs. L. and Mrs. Thomas Stewart, Mrs. William Forbes, Mrs. Joseph Lotsch, Jr., Mrs. Robinson, Mrs. Fairman, Mrs. Sawyer, Mrs. Harris, Mrs. John Haxie, Mrs. Jacob Forsyth, Mrs. John Morrison, Mrs. Wade, Mrs. Finkerton, children of Second Ward School, (these children also contributed to Mayor's fund $150); Mrs. Cochran, a trade made; Mrs. Dale and clothes besides several anonymous packages. Also, Holmes, Bell & Co., 19 pieces muslin; Mrs. David Park, 1 piece red flannel; Kennedy & Gilfillan, 1 piece muslin; Mrs. Cochrove, 1 piece bleached; Mrs. J. T. Clark, 1 piece bleached do; Elliott & Lyon, 22 new cloth garments; Mrs. Hyndley Fleming, 4 pieces bed ticking; Miss Park, 1 piece calico and 1 piece muslin. Miss Lecky, 1 piece muslin; Miss Eliza Logan, 1 new blanket. The following contributions are for Michigan and Wisconsin: Rev. W. Kean, $10; Miss Whitten, $5; Mrs. Patterson, $4. For Chicago: Mrs. Dr. Lee, 1 case to Mrs. Locke hart and Louis Grew, little boys, 60 cents; Mrs. S. C. Campbell, $5; Mrs. John Kohn, $5; Mrs. Hyndman, $5; Mrs. Blackburn, $5; Mrs. Robert Hays, $5; Mrs. Ebenezer Brown, $25; Major Wade, $10; Mr. Geo. Lisle, $50. Mr. Geo. Lisle, Jr., $10.

KILLED BY THE CARS.

Fatal Accident on the Connellsville Railroad.

Thursday night a fatal accident occurred on the Pittsburgh, Baltimore and Washington Railroad, the victim being Albert Rowland, one of the oldest employees in the company's service. The accident occurred at Osceola, about twelve o'clock. Rowland, who was conductor of the through freight train, was endeavoring to couple a freight car with the train, when he was caught between the bumpers and crushed to death. The remains of deceased were conveyed to his home in West Newton. Coroner West received notice yesterday of the matter, but upon going to the railroad office and learning that the body had been conveyed to another county he concluded not to hold an inquest.

The deceased was about thirty years of age, and resided with his parents in West Newton. He has been employed on